CITY OF PAULS VALLEY

June 30, 2013

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CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

Members of the City Council City of Pauls Valley, Oklahoma

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the aggregate discretely presented component units, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Pauls Valley, Oklahoma, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2013, which collectively comprise the City's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement.

An audit involves procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting principles used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

Basis for Adverse Opinion on the Pauls Valley Hospital Authority and Qualified Opinion on the Business-Type Activities

Management has not included the Pauls Valley Hospital Authority in the City's financial statements. Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require the Pauls Valley Hospital Authority to be presented as a major enterprise fund and information about the Paulas Valley Hospital Authority to be a part of the business-type activities, thus increasing the activity's assets, liabilities, revenues and expenses, and changing its net position. The amount by which this departure would affect the assets, liabilities, net position, revenues, and expenses of the business-type activities and the omitted major

Adverse Opinion

In our opinion because of the significance of the matter described in the "Basis for Adverse Opinion on the Pauls Valley Hospital Authority and Qualified Opinion on Business-Type Activities" paragraph, the financial statements referred to above do not present fairly the financial position of the Pauls Valley Hospital Authority of the City of Pauls Valley as of June 30, 2013, or the changes in financial position or cash flows thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Qualified Opinion

In our opinion, except for the possible effects of the matters discussed in the "Basis for Qualified Opinion on the Aggregate Discretely Presented Component Units" paragraph the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of the business-type activities of the City of Pauls Valley, Oklahoma, as of June 30, 2013, or the changes in financial position thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Unmodified Opinion

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to previously present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the aggregate discretely presented component unit, each major fund other than the Pauls Valley Hospital Authority, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Pauls Valley, Oklahoma, as of June 30, 2013, and the respective changes in financial position, and where applicable, cash flows thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Other Matters

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the budgetary comparison information as listed in the table of contents be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquires of management regarding the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statement, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

The City of Pauls Valley has omitted the Management's Discussion and Analysis that accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require to be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such missing information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate economic or history context. Our opinion on the basic financial statements is not affected by the missing information.

Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the City of Pauls Valley's financial statements as a whole. The combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements, the combining general fund statements and the schedule of federal and state awards are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the financial statements. The combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements, the combining general fund

City of Pauls Valley, Oklahoma Page 2

statements and the schedule of federal and state awards are the responsibility of management and was derived from and relate directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the financial statements. The information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied by us in the audit of the financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the financial statements or to the financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements, the combining general fund statements and the schedule of federal and state awards information is fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the financial statements taken as a whole.

Pauls Valley Hospital Authority Going Concern

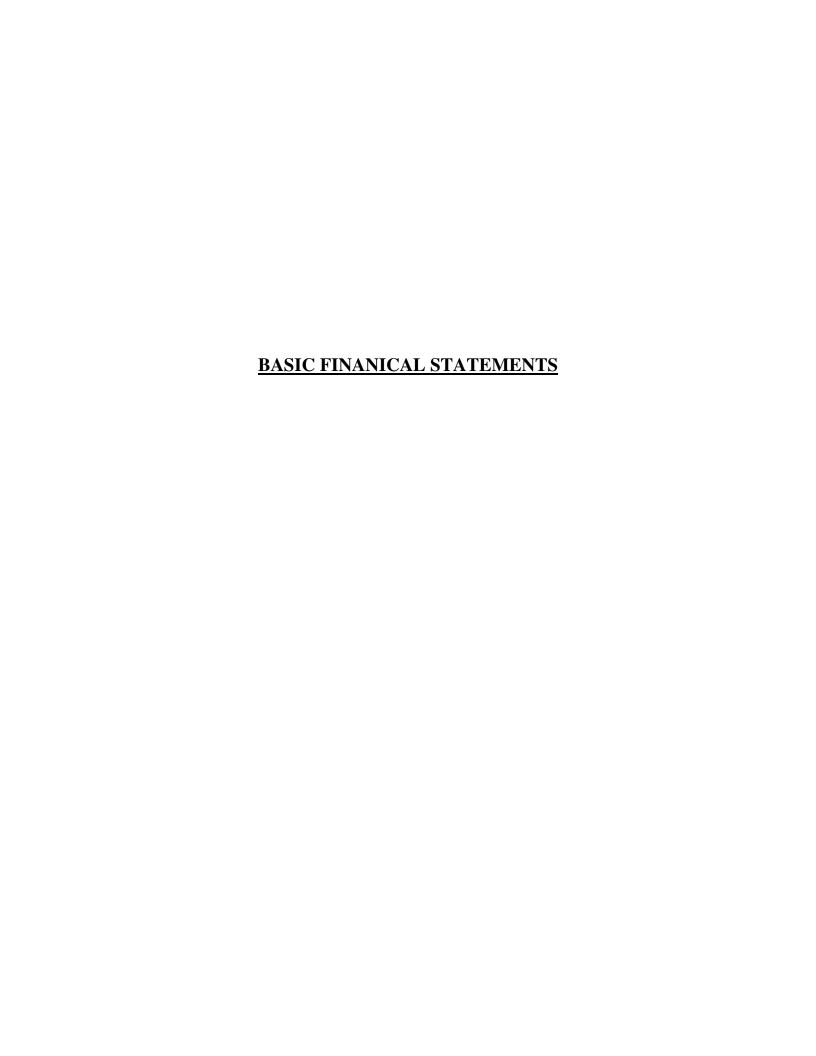
As noted in the paragraph "Basis for Adverse Opinion on the Pauls Valley Hospital Authority and Qualified Opinion on the Business-Type Activities" the Pauls Valley Hospital Authority financial information is not included in the City's financial statements. In addition as described in note 3. B. the Hospital has filed a voluntary petition for debt restructuring under Chapter 9 of the Federal Bankruptcy Code and was authorized to continue managing the Hospital as a debtor subject to the control and supervision of the bankruptcy court. Those conditions raise substantial doubt about the Hospital's ability to continue as a going concern.

Other Reporting Required by Government Audit Standards

In accordance with Government Auditing Standards, we have also issued our report dated June 10, 2014, on our consideration of the City's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* and should be considered in assessing the results of our audit.

Chique, Johnston & Blacingame, P.C. Chickasha, Oklahoma

June 10, 2014



BASIC FINANICAL STATEMENTS GOVERNMENTAL-WIDE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Statement of Net Position June 30, 2013

		Component Units		
	Governmental	Business-Type		Pauls Valley
	Activities	Activities	Total	Airport Auth.
<u>Assets</u>				
Current Assets:	2 640 004	Φ 1.601.207	Φ 5.240.471	Φ 200.070
Cash and Cash Equivalents \$	3,649,084	\$ 1,691,387	\$ 5,340,471	\$ 208,078
Investments	151,633	505,976	657,609	- 24 402
Receivables, net	885,389	160,357	1,045,746	24,482
Inventory	- 54 420	20.972	95 202	34,549
Prepaid Expenses Total Current Assets	54,429	30,873	85,302	267 100
Total Current Assets	4,740,535	2,388,593	7,129,128	267,109
Noncurrent Assets:				
Other Non-Current Assets		_		
Advance to Component Unit	36,100	_	36,100	_
Land and construction in progress	4,709,273	344,526	5,053,799	323,217
Other capital assets, net	15,179,835	23,429,339	38,609,174	3,354,378
Total Noncurrent Assets	19,925,208	23,773,865	43,699,073	3,677,595
Total Wilcarrent Assets	17,725,200	23,113,003	+3,077,073	3,011,373
Total Assets	24,665,743	26,162,458	50,828,201	3,944,704
<u>Liabilities</u>				
Current Liabilities:				
Accounts Payable	778,679	60,856	839,535	32,955
Accrued Expenses	71,413	27,427	98,840	2,228
Accrued Interest Payable	6,327	98,225	104,552	2,220
•	0,327		·	-
Due to Depositors	- :	125,914	125,914	-
Landfill closure and postclosure liability	-	76,407	76,407	26 100
Advance from Primary Government	-	-	-	36,100
AT&T 911 Fee Advances	67,744	-	67,744	-
Capital Leases, Current Portion	166,766	58,155	224,921	-
Contract Payable, Current Portion	-	96,552	96,552	-
Notes Payable, Current Portion	110,678	434,657	545,335	-
Compensated Absences	175,183	88,296	263,479	-
Total Current Liabilities	1,376,790	1,066,489	2,443,279	71,283
Noncurrent Liabilities:				
Capital Leases/Contract/Notes Payable	3,263,029	9,929,693	13,192,722	<u> </u>
Total Liabilities	4,639,819	10,996,182	15,636,001	71,283
Net Position				
Net Investment in Capital Assets	16,342,308	13,254,684	29,596,992	3,677,595
Restricted:				
Nonexpendable endowment	50,000	-	50,000	-
Debt Service	19,255	-	19,255	-
Economic Development	1,000,655	-	1,000,655	-
Streets	1,192,670	-	1,192,670	-
Ambulance	1,453	-	1,453	-
Culture and recreation	809,166	-	809,166	-
Airport	-	-	-	195,826
Cemetery	16,275		16,275	-
Unrestricted	594,140	1,911,592	2,505,732	
Total Net Position \$	20,025,922	\$15,166,276	\$ 35,192,198	\$ 3,873,421

Statement of Activities

For the Year Ending June 30, 2013

			Program Revenues				Net (Expenses) Revenue and Changes in Net Po							
			Charges for		Operating Grants and		Capital Grants and	_	Governmental	Primary Governme Business-Type	ent			Pauls Valley Airport
Functions/Programs	Expenses		Services		ontributions		Contributions		Activities	Activities		Total		Authority
Primary Government:		-						_		<u> </u>		,		
Governmental Activities:														
	\$ 1,040,995	\$	39,205	\$	30,449	\$		\$	(971,341)	\$ -	\$	(971,341)	\$	-
Public Safety	2,210,223		135,016		6,884				(2,068,323)	-		(2,068,323)		-
Culture, Parks and Recreation	1,703,551		691,693		10,056		50,000		(951,802)	-		(951,802)		-
Streets	732,335								(732,335)	-		(732,335)		-
Cemetery	180,094								(180,094)	-		(180,094)		-
Airport (payments for Airport Auth)	22,312								(22,312)	-		(22,312)		-
Ambulance Contract	97,359						107.450		(97,359)			(97,359)		
Economic Development	127,561						127,458		(103)	-		(103)		-
Interest on Long-term Debt	6,114,430	-	865,914	_	47,389		177,458	_	(5,023,669)		_	(5,023,669)		
Total Governmental Activities	0,114,430	-	803,914	_	47,369		177,438	_	(3,023,009)		-	(3,023,009)	_	<u>-</u>
Business-Type Activities:														
Water	2,412,166		1,266,984		-		-		-	(1,145,182)		(1,145,182)		-
Sewer	480,821		366,484		-		-		-	(114,337)		(114,337)		-
Sanitation	1,038,246		1,224,949		-		-		-	186,703		186,703		-
Water Distribution	234,486									(234,486)		(234,486)		
Hospital	1,636,234									(1,636,234)		(1,636,234)		
Lake	164,459		65,171		-		-		-	(99,288)		(99,288)		-
Administration	677,556			_				_		(677,556)	_	(677,556)	_	
Total Business-Type Activities	6,643,968		2,923,588	_			-	_		(3,720,380)	_	(3,720,380)	_	
Total Primary Government	12,758,398		3,789,502	_	47,389	į	177,458	_	(5,023,669)	(3,720,380)	_	(8,744,049)		
Component Unit:														
Airport Authority	512,825		272,412		-				-	-		-		(240,413)
Total Component Unit	512,825		272,412	=	-		-	=	-		=		=	(240,413)
	General Revenu Taxes:													
	Sales and Us		es						5,587,984	-		5,587,984		-
	Franchise Ta								344,546	-		344,546		-
	Hotel/Motel		;						352,029	-		352,029		-
	E-911 Taxes								25,818	-		25,818		-
	Advalorem T								241,853	-		241,853		-
	Intergovernme		Revenue						315,142	7.502		315,142		162
	Investment Inc Miscellaneous								11,820	7,593		19,413		163
			nary Government						105,832 (223,875)	51,869		157,701 (223,875)		223,875
	Transfers - Inte		•						(1,187,124)	1,187,124		(223,673)		223,673
			Revenues and Tr	ansfer	rs			_	5,574,025	1,246,586	_	6,820,611	_	224,038
			Net Position	J				_	550,356	(2,473,794)		(1,923,438)		(16,375)
	·	-	Beginning - Resta	ıted					19,475,566	17,640,070		37,115,636		3,889,797
	1461 1 0511	wii =	Deginning - Resil	ucu				_	17,713,300	17,040,070	_	57,113,030	_	3,003,131
	Net Posii	ion -	Ending					\$_	20,025,922	\$ 15,166,276	\$_	35,192,198	\$	3,873,421

BASIC FINANICAL STATEMENTS GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

Balance Sheet Governmental Funds 6/30/2013

		General		One Cent Fund		Non-major + Governmental Funds	Total Governmental Funds
Assets			_				
Cash and cash equivalents Investments	\$	1,074,220	\$	1,132,276	\$	1,442,588 151,633	\$ 3,649,084 151,633
Receivables: Interest						182	182
Accounts		59,729				162	59,729
Taxes		620,047		167,657		37,774	825,478
Due from other funds		9,180		107,057		37,771	9,180
Prepaid expenses		39,069				15,360	54,429
Advance to component unit	_	36,100	_		-		36,100
Total Assets	=	1,838,345	=	1,299,933	=	1,647,537	4,785,815
Liabilities							
Accounts payable		718,474				60,205	778,679
Accrued liabilities		71,413					71,413
Due to other funds		-				9,180	9,180
AT&T 911 fee advances	_		_		_	67,744	67,744
Total Liabilities	_	789,887	_		=	137,129	927,016
Deferred Inflow of Resources							
Police fines unavailable	_	29,161	_		-		29,161
Total Deferred Inflow of Resources	_	29,161	_		_		29,161
Fund Balances							
Nonspendable		75,169				65,360	140,529
Restricted		851,515		1,254,996		1,273,598	3,380,109
Committed							-
Assigned		75,549		-		172,727	248,276
Unassigned		17,063		44,937		(1,277)	60,723
Total Fund Balances	_	1,019,296	_	1,299,933	-	1,510,408	3,829,637
Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflow							
of Resources and Fund Balances	\$	1,838,344	\$_	1,299,933	\$	1,647,537	\$ 4,785,814

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances Governmental Funds

For the Year Ending June 30, 2013

		General		One Cent Fund	Non-major Other Governmental Funds	Total Governmental Funds
Revenues						
Taxes	\$	4,663,777	\$	1,268,754	\$ 619,699	\$ 6,552,230
Intergovernmental		400,075			139,914	539,989
Charges for services		675,331		_	16,362	691,693
Fines and forfeitures		172,136		_	-	172,136
Licenses and permits		39,205		_	-	39,205
Investment income		6,038		1,817	3,965	11,820
Expense Reimbursement		-		-	_	-
Miscellaneous		86,368			40,404	126,772
Total Revenues	_	6,042,930	_	1,270,571	820,344	8,133,845
Expenditures						
Current:		654.056		107,000		051.055
Administration		654,956		196,099	4.007	851,055
Police		1,112,652		-	4,897	1,117,549
Fire		678,714		-	-	678,714
Emergency 911				-	53,495	53,495
Special Ambulance Service				-	-	-
Streets		533,816		-	-	533,816
Shop		83,882		-		83,882
Park		165,396		-		165,396
Cemetery		168,561		-		168,561
Golf		303,166		-		303,166
Library		121,958		-	55,801	177,759
Senior center		63,643		-	-	63,643
Airport		22,312		-		22,312
Aquatic		382,884		-		382,884
Recreation		321,644			7,680	329,324
Animal control		122,067				122,067
Economic development				-	172,154	172,154
Capital outlay		3,710,289		-	59,486	3,769,775
Debt service		317,540		19,123		336,663
Total Expenditures	_	8,763,480	_	215,222	353,513	9,332,215
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues over						
Expenditures	_	(2,720,550)	_	1,055,349	466,831	(1,198,370)
Other Financing Sources (Uses)						
Proceeds from leases/loans		3,288,253				3,288,253
Transfers in		959,359		-	15,356	974,715
Transfers out		(1,422,541)		(469,206)	(380,154)	(2,271,901)
Contribution Income/(Expense)		116,000		-	(5,939)	110,061
Transfers to component unit		(21,600)	_		(299,634)	(321,234)
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	_	2,919,471	_	(469,206)	(670,371)	1,779,894
Net Change in Fund Balances		198,921		586,143	(203,540)	581,524
Fund Balances - Beginning	_	820,375	_	713,789	1,713,947	3,248,111
Fund Balances - Ending	\$ _	1,019,296	\$ =	1,299,932	\$ 1,510,407	\$ 3,829,635

Reconciliation of Governmental Fund and Government-Wide Financial Statements Governmental Funds June 30, 2013

Reconciliation to Statement of Net Assets:

Fund balances of governmental funds	\$ 3,829,637
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Net Assets are different because:	
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and, therefore are not reported in the funds:	19,800,855
Certain non-current assets are not available to pay current fund liabilities and, therefore, are deferred in the funds: Police fines receivable, net of allowance for doubtful accounts	29,161
Long-term liabilities are not due and payable from current periood and, therefore are not reported in the funds: Long term debt obligations Accrued compensated absences	 (3,458,547) (175,183)
Net assets of governmental activities	\$ 20,025,923
Reconciliation to Statement of Activities:	
Net change in fund balances of governmental funds	\$ 581,524
Amounts reported for governmental activities on the Statement of Activities are different because:	
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures while governmental activities report depreciation expense to allocate those expenditures over the life of the assets:	
Capital asset purchases capitalized in governmental funds	4,042,099
Loss on disposal of assets	(20,940)
Depreciation expense	(953,996)
Revenues in the Statement of Activities that do not provide current financial resources are not reported as revenues in the funds:	
Change in deferred inflows	(37,120)
Note proceeds provide current financial resources to governmental funds, but issuing debt increases long-term liabilities in the Statement of Net Assets. Repayment of debt principal is an expenditure in the governmental funds, but the repayment reduces long-term liabilities in the Statement of Net Assets:	
Long term debt payments	229,488
Note payable proceeds	(3,200,000)
Lease proceeds	(88,253)
Change in accrued interest	3,477
Some expenses reported in the Statement of Activities do not require the use of current financial resources and,	
therefore, are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds:	(5.004)
Change in accrued compensated absences	 (5,924)
Change in net assets of governmental activities	\$ 550,355

BASIC FINANICAL STATEMENTS PROPRIETARY FUNDS

Statement of Net Position Proprietary Funds June 30, 2013

	-	Pauls Valley Municipal Authority	Non-Major Enterprise Fund Sanitation Capital Improvement	Total Proprietary Funds
Assets				
Current Assets:			.	
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	1,375,247	\$ 36,992	, ,
Investments		373,952	-	373,952
Accrued interest receivable		593	-	593
Accounts receivable, net		159,764		159,764
Inventory				-
Due from other funds		-		-
Prepaid expenses	_	30,873	<u> </u>	30,873
Total Current Assets	-	1,940,430	36,992	1,977,422
Noncurrent Assets:				
Restricted cash and cash equivalents		279,147	_	279,147
Restricted investments		132,024	_	132,024
Other Non-current Assets		,		-
Land and construction in progress		344,526	_	344,526
Other capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation		23,429,340	_	23,429,340
Note issue costs, net of accumulated amortization			_	-
Total Noncurrent Assets	_	24,185,037		24,185,037
Total Honeum Chi Historia	-	21,103,037	-	21,103,037
Total Assets	-	26,125,467	36,992	26,162,459
Liabilities				
Current Liabilities:				
Accounts payable		60,856	-	60,856
Accrued liabilities		27,427	-	27,427
Accrued interest payable		98,225	-	98,225
Due to other funds			-	-
Due to depositors		125,914	-	125,914
Landfill closure and postclosure liability		76,407	-	76,407
Construction escrow in lieu of retainage		-	-	-
Capital lease obligations payable		58,155	-	58,155
Contract payable		96,552	-	96,552
Notes payable		434,657	-	434,657
Accrued compensated absences		88,296	-	88,296
Total Current Liabilities	_	1,066,489		1,066,489
Noncurrent Liabilities:				
Capital lease obligations payable		177,559	_	177,559
Contract payable		517,707	_	517,707
Notes payable		9,234,427	_	9,234,427
Total Noncurrent Liabilities	-	9,929,693		9,929,693
Total Liabilities		10,996,182	-	10,996,182
	_			
Net Position				
Invested in captial assets, net of related debt		13,254,684	-	13,254,684
Restricted		-	-	-
Unrestricted	_	1,874,600	36,992	1,911,592
Total Net Position	\$_	15,129,284	\$ 36,992	15,166,276

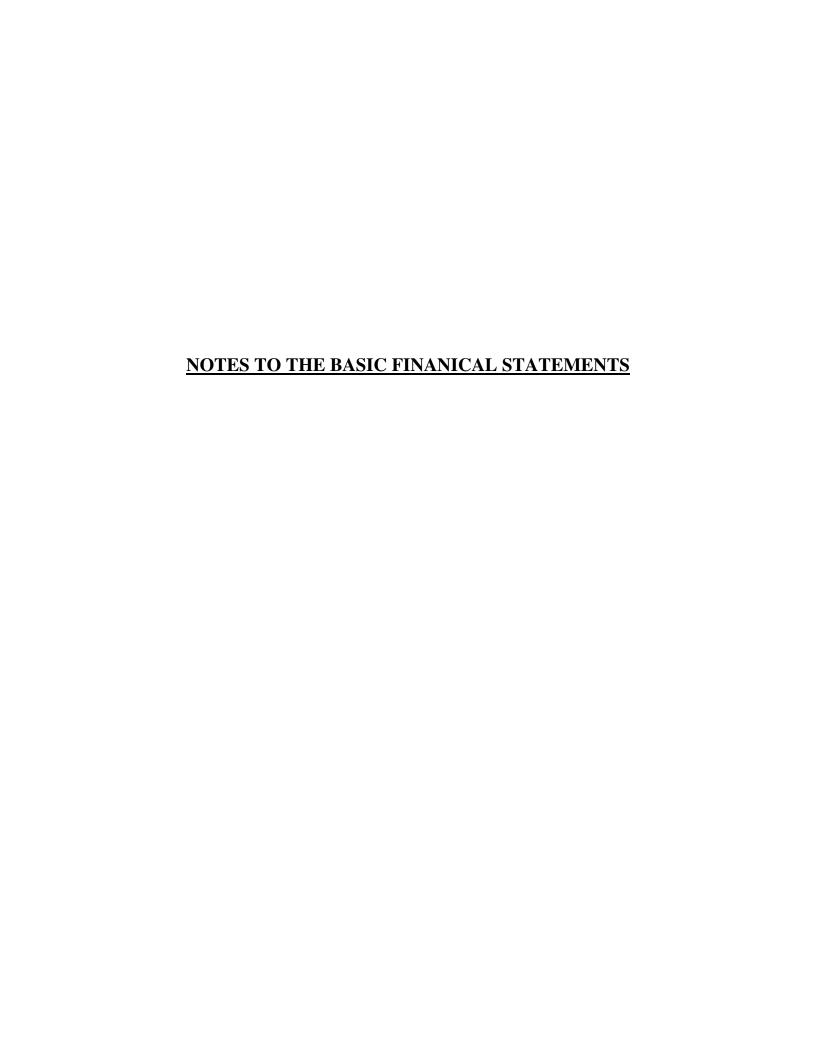
Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Fund Net Assets Proprietary Funds

For the Year Ending June 30, 2013

		Non-Major			
		Pauls Valley Municipal Authority	Enter Sanita	prise Fund tion Capital provement	Total Proprietary Funds
Operating Revenues	_				
Charges for Services:					
Water revenue	\$	1,249,253	\$	- \$	1,249,253
Sewer revenue		361,246		-	361,246
Sanitation revenue		1,199,927		7,693	1,207,620
Hospital revenue					-
Penalties		40,299		-	40,299
Lake revenue		65,171		_	65,171
Total Operating Revenues	_	2,915,895		7,693	2,923,588
Operating Expenses					
Water operations		627,143		_	627,143
Sewer operations		297,927		_	297,927
Sanitation operations		912,748		94	912,842
Administration		666,383) -	666,383
Water Distribution		203,813			203,813
Lake operations		114,466		_	114,466
Hospital operation		114,400		_	114,400
Amortization expense					-
•		1,844,819		-	1 9// 910
Depreciation expense	-	4,667,299		94	1,844,819
Total Operating Expenses	-	4,007,299		94	4,667,393
Operating Income (Loss)	-	(1,751,404)		7,599	(1,743,805)
Nonoperating Revenues (Expenses)					
Investment income		7,551		42	7,593
Interest expense and fiscal charges		(351,008)		-	(351,008)
Insurance Proceeds		3,854			3,854
Penalties					-
Ambulance Subsidy					-
Hospital Subsidy		(83,079)			(83,079)
Miscellaneous revenue		48,015		-	48,015
Total Nonoperating Revenues (Expenses)	_	(374,667)		42	(374,625)
Net Income (Loss) Before Contributions and Transfers		(2,126,071)		7,641	(2,118,429)
Capital contributions		5,939		-	5,939
Contribution expense		(116,000)		_	(116,000)
Transfers in		1,407,185		_	1,407,185
Transfers out	_	(1,652,488)			(1,652,488)
Change in Net Position		(2,481,435)		7,641	(2,473,793)
Net Position - Beginning - Restated	=	17,610,719		29,351	17,640,070
Net Position - Ending	\$_	15,129,284	\$	36,992 \$	15,166,276

Statement of Cash Flows Proprietary Funds For the Year Ending June 30, 2013

		Non-Major				
		Pauls Valley Enterprise Fund			Total	
		Municipal	Sanitation Capital		Proprietary	
		Authority	Improvement		Funds	
Cash Flows From Operating Activities	-	Authority	Improvement	-	runus	
Receipts from customers	\$	3,043,716	\$ 7,693	\$	3,051,409	
Vendors and others paid	Ψ	(2,787,224)	(94)	Ψ	(2,787,318)	
Other receipts (payments)		3,795	-		3,795	
Net Cash Provided by Operating Activities	_	260,287	7,599	-	267,886	
Cash Flows From Noncapital Financing						
Activities						
Miscellaneous revenues		48,146	-		48,146	
Ambulance Subsidy					-	
Hospital Subsidy		(83,079)			(83,079)	
Transfers from other funds		3,258,114	_		3,258,114	
Transfers to other funds		(3,613,479)	-		(3,613,479)	
Net Cash Provided by Noncapital	_			_		
Financing Activities	_	(390,298)		_	(390,298)	
Cash Flows From Capital and Related						
Financing Activities						
Purchase of capital assets		(134,243)	-		(134,243)	
Proceeds from issuances		3,854			3,854	
Proceeds from debt		1,820,870	-		1,820,870	
Principal paid on long-term debt		(520,954)	-		(520,954)	
Interest & fiscal charges paid on long-term debt		(344,411)	-		(344,411)	
Net Cash Provided by (used in) Capital	_					
and Related Financing Activities	_	825,117		-	825,117	
Cash Flows From Investing Activities						
Interest received		7,762	42		7,804	
Collection on notes and other receivables					-	
Decrease in investments	_	147,730		_	147,730	
Net Cash Provided by Investing Activities	_	155,492	42_	-	155,534	
Net Increase in Cash and Cash Equivalents		850,598	7,641		858,239	
Balance - Beginning of the Year	_	803,796	29,350	-	833,146	
Balance - End of the Year	=	1,654,394	36,991	-	1,691,385	
Reconciliation of Operating Income (Loss) to						
Net Cash Provided by Operating Activities:						
Operating income (loss)		(1,751,405)	7,599		(1,743,806)	
Adjustments to reconcile operating income to net						
cash provided (used) by operating activities:						
Depreciation and amortization		1,844,819	-		1,844,819	
Changes in assets and liabilities:						
Receivables		127,350	-		127,350	
Due from other funds		-			-	
Prepaid expenses and inventory		3,767	-		3,767	
Accounts payable and accrued expenses		31,961	-		31,961	
Due to depositors	_	3,795		-	3,795	
Net Cash Provided by Operating Activities	\$_	260,287	\$ 7,599	\$ _	267,886	



Notes To the Basic Financial Statements For the Year Ended June 30, 2013

Note 1 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

1.A. Financial Reporting Entity

The City's financial reporting entity includes the primary government (City of Pauls Valley), its blended and discretely presented component units. This report includes all activities for which the City of Pauls Valley's City Council is fiscally responsible. In determining the financial reporting entity includes all component units for which the City is financially accountable.

The City of Pauls Valley – that operates the public safety, health and welfare, streets and highways, parks and recreation, and administrative activities.

The City of Pauls Valley is an incorporated municipality with a population of approximately 6,150 located in central Oklahoma. The City is a Home Rule Charter form of government and operates under a charter that provides for three branches of government:

- Legislative the City Council is a five-member governing body elected by the citizens at large
- Executive the City Manager is the Chief Executive Officer and is appointed by the City Council
- Judicial the Municipal Judge is a practicing attorney appointed by the City Council

The City provides typical municipal services such as public safety, street maintenance, culture, parks and recreation.

Blended Component Unit:

<u>Pauls Valley Municipal Authority</u> – that operates the water, wastewater, and sewer activities of the City (PVMA).

<u>Pauls Valley 522 District</u> - it is authorized to assess three mills of ad valorem tax to be used to provide ambulance service to the City of Pauls Valley. The District contracts with the Pauls Valley Hospital Authority to provide this service.

Omitted Blended Component Unit:

<u>Pauls Valley Hospital Authority</u> – that operates the City Hospital activities (PVHA).

Discretely Presented Component Units:

Pauls Valley Airport Authority – that operates the Municipal Airport activities (PVAA).

Each of these component units is a Public Trust established pursuant to Title 60 of Oklahoma State law. Public Trusts (Authorities) have no taxing power. The Authorities are generally created to finance City services through issuance of revenue bonds or other non-general obligation debt and to enable the City Council to delegate certain functions to the governing body (Trustees) of the Authority. The Authorities generally retain title to assets, which are acquired or constructed with Authority debt, or other Authority generated resources. In addition, the City has leased certain existing assets at the creation for the Authorities to the Trustees on a long-term basis. The City, as beneficiary of the Public Trusts, receives title to any residual assets when a Public Trust is dissolved.

Notes To the Basic Financial Statements For the Year Ended June 30, 2013

The PVMA, the EMS 522 District and the PVHA are included as a blended component unit due to the financial control and shared board members with the City of Pauls Valley. The PVHA is the past was discretely presented but in May of 2013 the City Council members became the PVHA board members.

The PVAA has a separate board that manages the airport operations. However, due to the relationship described above it is discretely presented.

The Hospital financial information is unaudited at this point. They are having financial difficulties that have caused them to seek the protection of legal financial reorganization. The financial effect of this reorganization may cause a further write down of the assets of the PVHA.

Inactive Component Unit:

<u>Pauls Valley Urban Renewal Authority</u> – that operated to identify dilapidated and/or abandoned structures and encourage the owners to rehabilitate the structures or purchase the structures using imminent domain. The Urban and Renewal Authority is financially inactive.

1.B. Basis of Presentation

Government-Wide Financial Statements - The Statement of Net Position and Statement of Activities report information on all of the nonfiduciary activities of the primary government and its component units. For the most part, the effect of interfund activity has been removed from these statements. Governmental activities, which normally are supported by taxes, intergovernmental revenues, fees, licenses and permits, are reported separately from business-type activities, which rely, to a significant extent on fees and charges for support. Likewise, the primary government is reported separately from certain legally separate component units for which the primary government is financially accountable.

The Statement of Activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses of a given function or segment is offset by program revenues. Direct expenses are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific function or segment. Program revenues include 1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use, or directly benefit from goods, services, or privileges provided by a given function or segment and 2) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function or segment. Taxes and other items not properly included among program revenues are reported instead as general revenues.

<u>Fund Financial Statements</u> - Separate financial statements are provided for governmental funds, proprietary funds, and fiduciary funds, even though the latter are excluded from the government-wide financial statements. Major individual governmental funds and major individual enterprise funds are reported as separate columns in the fund financial statements.

1.C. Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting, and Financial Statement Presentation

Measurement focus is a term used to describe "how" transactions are recorded within the various fund statements. Basis of accounting refers to "when" transactions are recorded regardless of the measurement focus applied.

The government-wide financial statements are reported using the *economic resources measurement focus* and the accrual basis of accounting, as are the proprietary fund financial statements. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Sales taxes are recognized as revenues in the year for which they are levied. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met.

Notes To the Basic Financial Statements For the Year Ended June 30, 2013

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the *current financial resources measurement focus* and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized as soon as they are both measurable and available. Revenues are considered to be available when they are collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the government considers revenues to be available if they are collected within 60 days of the end of the current fiscal period. Expenditures generally are recorded when a liability is incurred, as under accrual accounting. However, debt service expenditures, as well as expenditures related to compensated absences and claims and judgments, are recorded only when payment is due.

Sales taxes, franchise taxes, licenses and interest associated with the current fiscal period are all considered to be susceptible to accrual and so have been recognized as revenues of the current fiscal period. All other revenue items are considered to be measurable and available only when cash is received by the City.

The City reports the following funds:

Governmental Funds

Major Governmental Funds:

- General Fund is the general operating fund of the City. It is used to account for all financial
 resources except those required to be accounted for in another fund. The General Fund
 includes the Rose Garden Fund, Wacker Park Fund, Beautification Fund, and Animal
 Control Fund.
- One Cent Fund account for one cent sales tax that is 50% for street replacement, 25% for parks and 25% for general government.

Aggregated Non-Major Governmental Funds:

Special Revenue Funds:

- Police Special Fund accounts for a portion of court fine revenue and miscellaneous donations to be expended for police related expenditures.
- Cemetery Beautification Fund accounts for miscellaneous donations and monument setting fees to be expended for the beautification of cemeteries.
- Senior Citizens Fund accounts for revenues, grants and expenditures of the senior citizens' program.
- 911 Account Fund accounts for E-911 revenues legally restricted for E-911 services.
- Marianne Ewert Bequest Fund accounts for investment income and principal restricted for park capital improvements.
- Nora Sparks Warren Library Trust Fund accounts for investment income and donations for library expenditures.
- Tourism/Motel Tax Fund accounts for revenues of a hotel/motel tax levy to be expended for the promotion of tourism.
- Community Center Fund accounts for donations and grants to be expended for the community center.
- Special Ambulance Fund accounts for the 522 District's property taxes collected for the purpose of operating an ambulance service. The service is contracted for through the hospital.

Capital Projects Funds:

• Cemetery Care Fund – accounts for 25% of all cemetery revenues of which 12.5% is legally restricted for cemetery capital improvements.

Notes To the Basic Financial Statements For the Year Ended June 30, 2013

- PV Airport Projects Fund accounts for grant revenues and expenditures related to airport improvement projects
- TIF Fund accounts for revenues of ad valorem tax increments generated in the increment district boundaries to be expended for expenses of the Pauls Valley Economic Development Project Plan.

Proprietary Funds

Major Enterprise Fund:

• Pauls Valley Municipal Authority – operates the water, sewer, and sanitation services of the City (blended component unit).

Non-Major Enterprise Fund:

• Sanitation Capital Improvement Fund – accounts for a \$.25 fee assessed and collected from sanitation customers to be expended on capital improvements of the City's sanitation service.

The City's policy is to eliminate interfund transfers and balances in the statement of activities and net position to avoid the grossing up of balances. Only the residual balances transferred between governmental and business-type activities are reported as internal transfers and internal balances and then offset in the total column in the government-wide statements. Interfund transfers and balances between funds are not eliminated in the fund financial statements.

Amounts reported as program revenues include 1) charges to customers or applicants for goods, services, or privileges provided, and 2) operating grants and contributions, and 3) capital grants and contributions, including special assessments. Internally dedicated resources are reported as general revenues rather than as program revenues. Likewise, general revenues include all taxes.

Proprietary funds distinguish operating revenues and expenses from nonoperating items. Operating revenues and expenses generally result from providing services and producing and delivering goods in connection with a proprietary fund's principal ongoing operations. The principal operating revenues of the City's enterprise fund are charges to customers for sales and services. Operating expenses for the enterprise fund include the cost of sales and services, administrative expenses, and depreciation on capital assets. All revenues and expenses not meeting this definition are reported as nonoperating revenues and expenses.

1.D. Assets, Liabilities and Fund Equity

<u>Cash and Investments</u> - The City's cash and cash equivalents are considered to be cash on hand, demand deposit accounts, interest bearing checking accounts and time deposit accounts including certificates of deposit with maturities of three months or less from the date of acquisition. Investments for the City, as well as for its component units, are reported at fair market value.

<u>Inventories</u> – The cost of consumable materials and supplies on hand are immaterial to the financial statements, and the City has therefore chosen to report these items as expenditures/expenses at the time of purchase. The Pauls Valley Airport Authority has fuel inventory that is recorded at cost using the first-in/first-out method.

<u>Prepaid Items</u> – Certain payments to vendors reflect costs applicable to future accounting periods and are recorded as prepaid items in both government-wide and fund financial statements. These costs are allocated to expense as used or consumed or with the passage of the applicable time period.

<u>Receivables and Payables</u> – Activity between funds that are representative of lending/borrowing arrangements outstanding at the end of the fiscal year are referred to as either "due to/from other funds" (i.e., the current portion of interfund loans) or "advances to/from other funds" (i.e., the non-current portion

Notes To the Basic Financial Statements For the Year Ended June 30, 2013

of interfund loans). All other outstanding balances between funds are reported as "due to/from other funds. Any residual balances outstanding between the governmental activities and business-type activities are reported in the government-wide financial statements as "internal balances."

Receivables in governmental funds and governmental activities include tax accruals and intergovernmental revenue such as grant requests, since they are both measurable and available. Revenue from non-exchange transactions collectible but not available are deferred.

Proprietary fund and business-type activities receivables include revenues earned at year end but not yet received. Billed and unbilled utility accounts receivable comprise the majority of the receivables. All such receivables are shown net of an allowance for uncollectible accounts.

<u>Restricted Assets</u> - Restricted assets include assets that are legally restricted as to their use. The primary restricted assets are related to customer utility deposits, debt service and construction proceeds.

<u>Capital Assets</u> – The accounting for capital assets depends on whether the assets are used in governmental fund operations or proprietary fund operations and whether they are reported in the government-wide or fund financial statements.

In the government-wide statements, capital assets are accounted for as capital assets. Capital assets consist of land, construction in progress, building, improvements, machinery and equipment, and infrastructure. Recorded assets are reported at actual or estimated historical cost. A capitalization threshold of \$3,500 is used to report capital assets. Donated capital assets are recorded at estimated fair market value at the date of donation. Prior to July 1, 2001, governmental activities' infrastructure assets were not capitalized. These assets have not been valued or recorded as capital assets. Only infrastructure additions subsequent to July 1, 2001, have been included in the balances of capital assets.

The costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend assets lives are not capitalized.

Major outlays for capital assets and improvements are capitalized as projects are constructed. Interest incurred during the construction phase of capital assets of business-type activities is included as part of the capitalized value of the assets constructed.

The depreciable capital assets of the primary government and the Pauls Valley Airport Authority are depreciated on a straight-line basis over useful lives. The range of estimated useful lives by type of asset is as follows:

- Buildings 50 years
- Improvements other than buildings 20-30 years
- Machinery, furniture and equipment 5-24 years
- Utility property and improvements 15-50 years
- General Infrastructure 15-50 years

In the fund financial statements, capital assets used in the governmental fund operations are accounted for as capital outlay expenditures of the governmental fund upon acquisition. Capital assets used in proprietary fund operations are accounted for the same as in the governmental-wide statements.

Capital lease acquired assets are depreciated in the same manner as other capital assets.

<u>Due to Depositors</u> - Represents the funds received from customers for their water utility deposits. These deposits are refunded or credited to the customer upon termination of the utility service and payment of all charges due and connected with the service.

Notes To the Basic Financial Statements For the Year Ended June 30, 2013

<u>Compensated Absences</u> – It is the City's policy to permit employees to accumulate earned but unused vacation and compensatory time in varying amounts according to policies and contracts. There is no liability for unpaid accumulated sick leave since the City does not have a policy to pay any amounts when employees separate from service with the City. All compensated absences are accrued when incurred in the government-wide and proprietary fund financial statements.

Governmental funds report only the matured compensated absences payable to currently terminating employees.

<u>Long-Term Obligations</u> – In the government-wide financial statements, and proprietary fund types in the fund financial statements, long-term debt and other long-term obligations are reported as liabilities in the applicable governmental activities, business-type activities, or proprietary fund type statement of net position.

In the governmental funds long-term debt is not reported as liabilities in the fund financial statements. The debt proceeds are reported as other financial sources and payment of principal and interest as expenditures. The accounting for the proprietary fund is the same in the fund statements as it is in the government-wide statements.

<u>Equity Classifications</u> - In the government-wide and proprietary fund financial statements, equity is classified as net position and displayed in three components:

- a. *Net investment in capital assets* Consists of capital assets including restricted capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation and reduced by the outstanding balances of any bonds, mortgages, notes, or other borrowings that are attributed to the acquisition, construction, or improvements of those assets.
- b. Restricted net assets Consists of net assets with constraints placed on the use either by 1) external groups such as creditors, grantors, contributors, or laws and regulations of other governments, or 2) law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.
- c. *Unrestricted net assets* All other net assets that do not meet the definition of "restricted" or "invested in capital assets, net of related debt."

It is the City's policy to first use restricted net assets prior to the use of unrestricted net assets when an expense is incurred for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted net assets are available.

In the governmental fund financial statements fund equity is classified as fund balance. The fund balance is further classified as follows:

- a. *Nonspendable* includes amounts that cannot be spent because they are either (a) not in spendable form or (b) legally or contractually required to be maintained intact.
- b. Restricted consists of fund balance with constraints placed on the use of resources either by (1) external groups such as creditors, grantors, contributors, or laws and regulations of other governments, or (2) law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.
- c. Committed includes amounts that can only be used for specific purposes pursuant to constraints imposed by formal action of the City's highest level of decision-making authority, (i.e. ordinance).
- d. Assigned includes amounts that are constrained by the City's intent to be used for specific purposes but are neither restricted nor committed. Assignments of fund balance may be made by city council action or management decision when the city council has delegated that authority.

Notes To the Basic Financial Statements For the Year Ended June 30, 2013

e. Unassigned – represents fund balance that has not been assigned to other funds and has not been restricted, committed, or assigned to specific purposes within the general fund.

It is the City's policy that the order of spending and availability of the fund balance shall be to reduce funds from the listed areas in the following order: restricted, committed, assigned, and unassigned. Negative amounts shall not be reported for restricted, committed, or assigned funds.

1.E. Fund Balance Deficit Prohibition

Title 11, Section 17-211 of the Oklahoma Statutes prohibits the creation of a deficit fund balance in any individual fund (excluding public trusts). The City's 911 account had a \$1,277 negative fund balances for the year ended June 30, 2013.

1.F. Sales Tax Revenue

Sales Tax - The City presently levies a four-cent sales tax on taxable sales within the City. The sales tax is collected by the Oklahoma Tax Commission and remitted to the City in the month following receipt by the Tax Commission. By enabling legislation 3.25% is available for general government, .50% is restricted for street replacement and maintenance and .25% is restricted for park and recreation facilities and programs. Three cents is recorded in the General Fund and the remaining one-cent is recorded in the One Cent Sales Tax Fund. The restricted portion of the sales tax is tracked through the One Cent Sales Tax Fund. The City is also required by contract to transfer one cent of its General Fund three-cent sales tax to the PVMA for debt retirement of the 2008 OWRB note and a lease-purchase agreement with Pauls Valley National Bank.

1.G. Tax Incremental Financing (TIF)

TIF is a method of obtaining financing using future gains in taxes to finance current improvements which will create the conditions for those gains. When a public project is carried out, the increase in the value of surrounding real estate, and perhaps new investment, generates increased property tax revenues dedicated to finance debt issued to pay for the project. The City uses TIF to stimulate economic development. The TIF Fund is used to account for the advalorem tax received from Garvin County for payment of project costs until the expiration of the TIF district on December 31, 2022.

1.H. Use of Estimates

In preparing the City of Pauls Valley's financial statements, management is required to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities, the disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements, and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

1.I. Operating Revenues and Expenses

Operating revenues and expenses for proprietary funds are those that result from providing services and producing and delivering good and/or services. It also includes all revenue and expenses not related to capital and related financing, noncapital financing, or investing activities.

Expenditures and expenses in the government-wide financial statements, expenses are classified by function for both governmental and business-type activities.

Notes To the Basic Financial Statements For the Year Ended June 30, 2013

In the fund financial statements, expenditures are classified as follows:

Governmental Funds – By Character: Current (further classified by function), debt service and capital outlay.

Proprietary Fund – By operating and non-operating.

In the fund financial statements, governmental funds report expenditures of financial resources. Proprietary funds report expenses relating to use of economic resources.

1.J. Internal and Interfund Balances and Transfers

The City's policy is to eliminate interfund transfers and balances in the statement of activities and net position to avoid the grossing up of balances. Only the residual balances transferred between governmental and business-type activities are reported as internal transfers and internal balances then offset in the total column in the government-wide statements. Internal transfers and balances between funds are not eliminated in the fund financial statements.

1.G. New Accounting Pronouncements

The City has implemented the following accounting standards during the fiscal year ended June 30, 2013:

Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement No. 60 – Accounting and Financial Reporting for Service Concession Arrangements – This had no impact on the City's financial report.

Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement No. 61- The Financial Reporting Entity: Omnibus – This had no impact on the City's financial report.

Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement No. 62 – Codification of Accounting and Financial Reporting Guidance Contained in Pre-November 30,1989 FASB and AICPA Pronouncements – A few sentences were removed from "Section B – Proprietary Funds" note disclosure to eliminate references to FASB pronouncements and APB opinions issued on or before November 30, 1989.

Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement No. 63 –Financial Reporting of deferred Outflows of Resources, Deferred Inflows of Resources, and Net Position – The only change required from the early implementation of this statement are changing the words "Net Assets" in the City's financial report to "Net Position".

Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement No. 65 – Items Previously Reported as Assets and Liabilities – The debt issuance cost previously capitalized was removed as an asset. See Note 2.H.

1.H. Property Tax Revenue

<u>Property Tax</u> - Under State law, municipalities are limited in their ability to levy a property tax. Such tax may only be levied to repay principal and interest on general obligation bonded debt approved by the voters. At present time the City levies no property tax to fund annual debt service requirements. However, Pauls Valley has organized an EMS District and it levies 3.00 mills for property taxes to fund the annual operations.

Notes To the Basic Financial Statements For the Year Ended June 30, 2013

The property tax levy request is submitted to the county excise board for approval. The county assessor, upon receipt of the certification of tax levies from the county excise board, extends the tax levies on the tax roll for submission to the county treasurer prior to October 1; the county treasurer must commence tax collection within fifteen days of receipt of the tax rolls. The first half of taxes is due prior to January 1. The second half is due prior to April 1.

If the first payment is not made timely, the entire tax becomes due and payable on January 2. Second half taxes become delinquent on April 1 of the year following the year of assessment. If not paid by the following October 1, the property is offered for sale for the amount of taxes due. The owner has two years to redeem the property by paying the taxes and penalty owed. If at the end of two years the owner has not done so, the purchaser is issued a deed to the property.

Note 2 – Detailed Notes on all Funds

2.A. Deposits and Investments Risk

At June 30, 2013, the primary government reporting entity had the following deposits and investments:

Type of Deposits and Investments		Carrying Value
Deposits:		
Demand deposits		\$ 4,898,002
Time deposits		657,610
Cavanal Hill US Treasury	Aaa-mf	143,023
First United Money Market Funds		466,732
Total Deposits		<u>\$ 6,165,367</u>
Reconciliation to Statement of Net Position:		
Cash and cash equivalents		\$ 4,568,203
Investments		525,586
Restricted Cash and cash equivalents		772,268
Restricted Investments		132,024
Outstanding Checks		167,289
Total Cash and Investments		\$ 6,165,367

Custodial Credit Risk - Deposits - Custodial credit risk for deposits is the risk that, in the event of a bank failure, the City's deposits may not be returned to it. The City does have a written deposit policy for custodial credit risk that requires collateral for all uninsured deposits of municipal funds in financial institutions. As of June 30, 2013, the City was exposed to custodial credit risk of \$50,023.35 for the Pauls Valley Municipal Authority. The City of Pauls Valley accounts were fully collateralized.

Investment Credit Risk — The City does have a written investment policy that limits its investment choices according to the limitations stated in the Oklahoma Statutes. Oklahoma Statutes allow the City to invest in: (1) full faith and credit, direct obligations of the U. S. Government, its agencies and instrumentalities, and the State of Oklahoma and certain mortgage insured federal debt; (2) certificates of deposits or savings accounts that are either insured or secured with acceptable collateral; (3) negotiable certificates of deposit, prime bankers acceptances, prime commercial paper and repurchase agreements with certain limitations; (4) county, municipal or school district tax supported debt obligations, bond or revenue anticipation notes, money judgments, or bond or revenue anticipation notes of public trusts whose beneficiary is a county, municipality, or school district; and government money market funds regulated by the SEC.

Notes To the Basic Financial Statements For the Year Ended June 30, 2013

Public trusts created under O.S. Title 60, are not subject to the above investment limitations and are primarily governed by any restrictions in their trust or note indenture.

As of June 30, 2013, the City did not hold any securities with credit ratings since they are all non-negotiable time deposits.

Investment Interest Rate Risk – The City does have a formal investment policy that limits investments maturities as a means of managing its exposure to fair value losses arising from increasing interest rates. Unless matched to a specific cash flow, the City will not directly invest in securities maturing more than one year from the date of purchase. All certificates of deposit have maturities of one year or less.

Concentration of Investment Credit Risk – The City places no limit on the amount it may invest in any one issuer.

Discretely Presented Component Unit:

Pauls Valley Airport Authority

Custodial Credit Risk - Deposits - As of June 30, 2013, the Authority was not exposed to custodial credit risk as defined above.

2.B. Restricted Assets

Amounts reported as restricted assets in the proprietary fund Statement of Net Position are comprised of amounts due to depositors related to utility deposits. The restricted assets as of June 30, 2013 were as follows:

	Cash and Cash	
Type of Restricted Assets	Equivalents	<u>Investments</u>
Hospital Loan Fund	\$ 91,483	\$ -
Bank of OK MM – Water Plant Note	143,023	
Utility Deposits	44,640	132,024
Total Restricted Assets	\$ 279,147	\$ 132,024

2.C. Receivables

Accounts receivable consist of customer utilities services provided, both billed and unbilled, due at yearend, reported net of allowance for uncollectible amounts, in the enterprise fund and taxes and police fines in the governmental funds. Interest receivable on investments is also recorded. Receivables as of Junes 30, 2013, including the applicable allowances for uncollectible accounts are as follows:

Notes To the Basic Financial Statements For the Year Ended June 30, 2013

Interest \$	182 470,382	Activities \$ 593	Total \$ 775	\$ PVAA
Police Fines		\$ 593	\$ 775	\$
	470,382			
Accounts		-	470,382	-
Accounts	-	149,413	149,413	25,690
Unbilled Accounts	-	44,115	44,115	
Taxes	825,478	-	825,478	
Gross Receivables 1,	296,042	194,121	1,490,163	25,690
Less: Allowance for Uncollectibles (410,653)	(33,765)	(406,291)	(1,208)
Net Total Receivables \$	885,389	\$ 160,356	\$1,083,872	\$ 24,482

Notes To the Basic Financial Statements For the Year Ended June 30, 2013

2.D. Capital Assets

Capital asset activity for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2013 was as follows:

Primary Government					
	Balance			Balance	
	06/30/12	Additions	Disposals	06/30/13	
Government Activities:					
Capital assets, not being depreciated:					
Land	\$ 721,981			\$ 721,981	
Construction in Progress	619,754	3,706,903	(339,365)	\$ 3,987,292	
Total capital assets, not being depreciat	1,341,735	3,706,903	(339,365)	4,709,273	
Capital assets, being depreciated:					
Buildings	12,710,648	7,521		12,718,169	
Improvements	4,081,908	456,332		4,538,240	
Machinery, furniture and equipment	5,006,956	210,708	(41,881)	5,175,783	
Infrastructure	237,579			237,579	
Total capital assets, being depreciated	22,037,091	674,561	(41,881)	22,669,771	
Less accumulated depreciation for:					
Buildings	1,706,399	303,906		2,010,305	
Improvements	1,328,481	277,717		1,606,198	
Machinery, furniture and equipment	3,465,477	364,407	(20,941)	3,808,944	
Infrastructure	56,523	7,965	`	64,488	
Total accumulated depreciation	6,556,880	953,996	(20,941)	7,489,936	
Total capital assets, being depreciated, net	15,480,211	(279,435)	(20,940)	15,179,835	
Governmental activities capital assets, net	\$ 16,821,946	\$3,427,468	\$ (360,306)	\$ 19,889,108	

CITY OF PAULS VALLEY, OKLAHOMA Notes To the Basic Financial Statements

For the Year Ended June 30, 2013

Business-Type Activities:	Balance			Balance	
VI	06/30/12	Additions	Disposals	06/30/13	
Capital assets, not being depreciated:					
Land	\$ 344,526	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 344,526	
Construction in Progress	-	-	-	_	
Total capital assets, not being depreciated	344,526	-	-	344,526	
Capital assets, being depreciated:					
Buildings	290,305	5,939		296,244	
Improvements	14,131,136	13,369		14,144,505	
Machinery, furniture and equipment	2,745,283	112,224		2,857,507	
Utility property	34,257,335	2,710		34,260,045	
Total capital assets, being depreciated	51,424,059	134,243	-	51,558,302	
Less accumulated depreciation for:					
Buildings	110,730	12,595		123,325	
Improvements	830,223	1,227,361		2,057,584	
Machinery, furniture and equipment	2,192,868	118,434		2,311,302	
Utility Property	23,150,322	486,430		23,636,752	
Total accumulated depreciation	26,284,143	1,844,819	-	28,128,962	
Total capital assets, being depreciated, net	25,139,916	(1,710,577)	-	23,429,339	
Business-type activities capital assets,net	\$ 25,484,442	\$(1,710,577)	\$ -	\$ 23,773,865	

Notes To the Basic Financial Statements For the Year Ended June 30, 2013

Discretely Presented Component Unit	Balance			Balance	
	06/30/12	Additions	Disposals	06/30/13	
	00/30/12	Additions	Disposais	00/30/13	
Pauls Valley Airport Authority:					
Capital assets, not being depreciated:					
Land	\$ 94,942			\$ 94,942	
Construction in Progress	10,000	218,275		228,275	
Total capital assets, not being depreciated	104,942	218,275	-	\$ 323,217	
Capital assets, being depreciated:					
Buildings	520,090	-		520,090	
Improvements	5,355,454	-		5,355,454	
Machinery, furniture and equipment	265,436	-		265,436	
Total capital assets, being depreciated	6,140,980	-	-	6,140,980	
Less accumulated depreciation for:					
Buildings	297,919	34,981		332,900	
Improvements	2,018,974	191,930		2,210,904	
Machinery, furniture and equipment	237,524	5,275		242,799	
Total accumulated depreciation	2,554,417	232,185	-	2,786,602	
Total capital assets, being depreciated, net	3,586,563	(232,185)	-	3,354,378	
Governmental activities capital assets,net	\$ 3,691,505	\$ (13,910)	\$ -	\$ 3,677,595	

Depreciation expense was charged to functions/programs of the primary government as follows in the Statement of Activities:

Governmental Activities:

General Government	\$	100,494
Public Safety		216,823
Culture, Parks and Recreation		412,424
Streets		212,735
Cemetery	-	11,520
Total depreciation expense - governmental activities	<u>\$</u>	953,996

Notes To the Basic Financial Statements For the Year Ended June 30, 2013

Business-Type	Activities:
----------------------	--------------------

Water	\$ 1,474,831
Sewer	162,554
Sanitation	115,593
Administration	11,175
Water Distribution	30,673
Lake	49,993
Total depreciation expense - business-type activities	\$ 1,844,819

2.E. Long-Term Debt

<u>Governmental Activities</u> - State statutes prohibit the City from incurring any indebtedness or obligations that would require payment from resources beyond the current fiscal year revenue, without first obtaining voter approval. As of June 30, 2013, the long-term debt payable from governmental fund resources consisted of the following:

Capital Lease Obligations:

\$462,337 lease obligation with Oshkosh Capital for an aerial ladder truck, payable in annual installments of \$58,752, final payment due August 2014 with interest at 4.69%	109,726
\$146,188 lease obligation with Oshkosh Capital for a tanker truck, payable in annual installments of \$18,689, final payment due October 2014 with interest at 4.69%	34,903
\$41,808 lease obligation with National City for a reelmaster mower, payable in monthly installments of \$702, final payment due April 2015 with interest at 6.669%	13,883
\$88,253 lease obligation with Caterpillar Financial for a Caterpillar 420EL, payable in monthly installments of \$1,593.63, final payment due June 2017 with interest at 3.20%	71,700
\$111,029 lease obligation with Ford Capital for three Police Tahoes, payable in annual installments of \$39,186, final payment due February 2014 with interest at 6.0%	36,968
\$176,623 lease obligation with Pauls Valley National Bank for a fire rescue truck payable in monthly installments of \$3,213, final payment due June 2017 with interest at 3.3%.	143,467
Total Capital Lease Obligations	<u>\$ 410,647</u>
Current portion Non-current portion Total Capital Lease Obligations	166,766 243,881 \$ 410,647

Notes To the Basic Financial Statements For the Year Ended June 30, 2013

Notes Payable:

\$3,200,000 notes payable to First United Bank, payable in monthly installments, final payment due October 2032 with interest at 3.85%

3,129.826

Current portion	110,678
Non-current portion	3,019,148
Total Notes Payable	<u>\$ 3,129,826</u>

<u>Business-Type Activities</u> – As of June 30, 2013, long-term debt payable from proprietary fund resources consisted of the following:

Capital Lease Obligations:

\$101,110 lease obligation with Caterpillar Financial for a Caterpillar D4K2XL,	
payable in monthly installments of \$1,904.60, final payment due January 2016	
with interest at 3.20%	9

92,841

\$175,800 lease obligation with Caterpillar Financial for a Caterpillar 930H, payable in monthly installments of \$2,474, final payment due March 2015 with interest at 3.90%

96,777

\$91,270 lease obligation with Welch State Bank for a Caterpillar backhoe, payable in monthly installments of \$1,148, final payment due March 2017 with interest at 5.339%

46,096

58,155 177,559

Total Capital Lease Obligations

\$ 235,714

Current portion	
Non-current portion	
Total Capital Lease Obligations	\$

Notes Payable:

\$3,150,000 notes payable to First United Bank, secured by Sales Tax revenues, payable in Monthly installments, final payment due June 2033 with interest at 4.25%, all funds had not been drawn as of June 30, 2013

1,717,050

\$193,529 note obligation with PVNB for a 2012 Peterbuilt payable in monthly installments of \$5,714, final payment due August 2014 with interest at 4.0%

77,967

\$900,000 notes payable to Oklahoma Water Resources Board, secured by water, sewer and sanitation revenues, payable in semi-annual installments, final payment due March 2025 with interest at 3.10%

636,226

Notes To the Basic Financial Statements For the Year Ended June 30, 2013

\$10,325,000 notes payable to Oklahoma Water Resources Board, secured by water, sewer and sanitation revenues and pledged sales tax, payable in semi-annual installments, final payment due September 2030 with interest at 3.79%, all funds had not been drawn as of June 30, 2010

7,237,841

Total Notes Payable

\$ 9,669,084

434,657

Current portion Non-current portion Total Notes Payable

9,234,427 \$ 9,669,084

Contract Payable:

\$1,051,600 face amount, noninterest bearing contract payable to Garvin County RWD#4 for certain water infrastructure, payable monthly as a reduction of the sellers account receivable utility account, final payment due March 2019 with imputed interest at 4.18%, (less unamortized discount based on imputed interest rate - \$172,086), See also contingent liability note.

614,260

Current portion Non-current portion Total Contract Payable 96,552 517,708 614,260

Long-term liability activity for the year ended June 30, 2013, was as follows:

	Balance			Balance	Due Within
	6/30/12	Additions	Reductions	6/30/13	One Year
Governmental Activities:	<u> </u>			<u> </u>	
Capital Lease Obligations	\$ 481,709	\$ 88,253	\$ 159,314	\$ 410,647	\$ 166,766
Note Payable	-	3,200,000	70,174	3,129,826	110,678
Compensated Absences	169,260	5,923	<u> </u>	175,183	
Total Long-term Liabilities	\$ 650,969	\$ 3,294,176	\$ 229,488	\$ 3,715,656	\$ 277,444
Business-Type Activities:					
Capital Lease Obligations	\$ 179,196	\$ 101,110	\$ 44,591	\$ 235,714	\$ 58,155
Notes Payable	8,342,201	1,717,050	390,167	9,669,084	434,657
Contract Payable	697,744	2,710	86,195	614,260	96,552
Compensated Absences	<u>78,467</u>	9,829	<u> </u>	88,296	
Total Long-term Liabilities	\$ 9,297,608	\$ 1,830,699	\$ 520,954	\$10,607,354	\$ 589,364

Notes To the Basic Financial Statements For the Year Ended June 30, 2013

Annual debt service requirements to maturity are as follows:

Governmental Activities:

	Capital Lease	Obligations	Notes Payable		
Year Ending				_	
June-13	Principal	Interest	Principal	Interest	
2014	166,779.43	15,957.02	110,678.04	120,212.76	
2015	133,244.12	8,199.64	115,076.46	115,814.34	
2016	54,885.68	2,796.64	119,344.54	111,546.26	
2017	55,738.00	976.51	124,392.51	106,498.29	
2018	-	-	129,335.95	101,554.85	
2019-2023	-	-	727,707.43	426,746.57	
2024-2029	-	-	884,223.54	270,230.46	
2029-2033	-	-	919,067.73	81,456.71	
	\$410,647.22	\$27,929.82	\$3,129,826	\$1,334,060	

Business Type Activities:

	Capital Lease	Capital Lease Obligations		Notes Payable		Payable
Year Ending	•	_	_	_		
June-13	Principal	Interest	Principal	Interest	Principal	Interest
2014	58,154.93	8,162.83	434,657.30	423,887.96	96,552.41	23,812.15
2015	103,460.42	5,523.68	472,949.21	416,104.75	100,637.93	19,726.63
2016	64,728.25	1,744.49	477,230.36	398,433.54	104,926.13	15,438.43
2017	9,370.46	191.17	498,838.28	379,318.62	109,397.06	10,967.50
2018	-	-	520,323.20	359,852.95	114,058.49	6,306.07
2019-2023	-	-	2,913,355.44	1,478,769.31	88,687.48	1,551.32
2024-2029	-	-	3,468,962.28	863,159.94	-	-
2029-2033	-	-	2,452,876.75	201,872.38	-	-
	\$235,714.06	\$15,627.17	\$11,239,192.83	\$4,521,399.44	\$614,260	\$77,802
Less amo	unt remaining to be	e drawn	(1,570,108.95)			
			\$9,669,083.88			

Interest and Admin expense were charged to functions as follows in the Statement of Activities:

Business Type Activities	
Water	310,190
Sewer	20,340
Sanitation	9,811
Hospital	10,667
•	\$351,008

Notes To the Basic Financial Statements For the Year Ended June 30, 2013

Utility Revenues Pledged

The City has pledged future water, sewer, and sanitation customer revenues, net of specified operating expenses, to repay \$900,000 in a promissory note to OWRB-Series 2004 CWSRF Bonds and \$10,325,000 in a promissory note to OWRB-Series 2008 DWSRF Bonds, the Series 2008 note has not been fully drawn down as of June 30, 2013. Proceeds from the 2004 note provided financing for sewer system improvements and the 2008 note for water system improvements. The notes are payable from water, sewer, and sanitation customer net revenues and future sales tax revenue (discussed below) and are payable through 2027 and 2031, respectively. The total principal and interest payable for the remainder of the life of these notes are \$10,947,122. Total customer net revenues for the current year were \$2,850,724. Debt service payments of \$633,763 for the current fiscal year were 22.23% of the net water, sewer and sanitation utility revenues.

Sales Tax Revenues Pledged

The City has pledged one half of one cent sales tax revenues to repay \$10.325 million in a promissory note to OWRB issued January 2008. This note has not been fully drawn down as of June 30, 2013. Proceeds from the note provided financing for water system improvements. The note is payable from future sales tax revenue and net utility revenue (discussed above). The total principal and interest remaining to be paid on the note is \$10,155,628, payable through September 2031. Pledged sales tax received in the current year was \$630,556. Debt Service payments of \$577,405 for the current fiscal year were 91.57% of pledged sales taxes.

Debt Service Coverage Requirement

The OWRB & FUB debt agreements require that Net Revenue Available for Debt Service must equal 125% of maximum annual debt service. Actual coverage was as follows:

	OWRB	OWRB	First United
	Series 2004	Series 2008	Bank
Net Revenue Available for Debt Service:			
Sales Tax Revenues	\$ -	\$ -	\$3,112,980
Operating Revenues	\$ 2,915,895	\$ 2,915,895	\$ -
Less Lake Revenue	\$ (65,171)	\$ (65,171)	\$ -
Total Operating Revenue	2,915,895	2,915,895	3,112,980
Operating Expenses	4,667,299	4,667,299	-
Less Lake Expenses	(114,466)	(114,466)	-
Less Administration Expenses	(666,383)	(666,383)	-
Less Depreciation/Amortization	(1,844,819)	(1,844,819)	
Total Operating Expenses	2,041,631	2,041,631	-
1/2 Sales Tax Transfer (Sr. 2008)		630,556	
Net Revenues Available for Debt Service	\$ 874,264	\$ 1,504,820	\$3,112,980

Notes To the Basic Financial Statements For the Year Ended June 30, 2013

Debt Service Requirements:			
Annual debt service payments - OWRB 2004	56,535	56,535	-
Annual debt service payments - OWRB 2008	581,670	581,670	-
Annual debt service payments – FUB Pool			230,891
Annual debt service payments - FUB Hospital	<u> </u>		241,146
Total Debt Service Requirement	638,205	638,205	472,037
Coverage	136%	153%	659.48%
Coverage Requirement	125%	125%	125%

Note: Operating revenues and expenses include only the following leased systems: water, sewer, and sanitation.

2.F. Landfill Closure and Post Closure Requirements

A \$76,407 accrued liability has been recognized in Pauls Valley Municipal Authority to represent the total estimated amount owed by the Authority for closure and post closure requirements dictated by the U.S. Environmental Protection Agency and the Oklahoma Department of Environmental Quality regulations and represented the cumulative amount of such costs reported to date based on the use of approximately 12.62% of the estimated capacity of the landfill. It is estimated that an additional \$605,289 will be recognized as closure and post closure expense between the current balance sheet date and the date the landfill is expected to be filled to capacity. However, the actual cost of closure and post closure may be higher due to inflation, changes in technology, or changes in landfill laws and regulation. The City expects to close the landfill in April 2087. The estimated remaining landfill life is 74 years. Currently, the City is in compliance with DEQ assurances.

2.G. Interfund Receivables, Payables, and Transfers

Reconciliation to Statement of Net Position:

			Net
	Due From	Due To	Internal Balances
Governmental Activities	\$ 9,180	\$ 9,180	\$ 0
Business-Type Activities	0	0	0
Total	\$ 9,180	\$ 9,180	\$ 0

NT.4

Franchise tax was deposited in error in the 911 account instead of the General Fund.

Transfers between funds and legal entities are comprised of the following:

Transfer Out	Transfer In	Amount	Purpose of Transfer
One Cent Sales Tax Fund General Fund PVMA	General Fund Police Special Fund General Fund	\$ 235,274 4,856 110,000	Operating subsidy To fund capital purchases Operating Subsidy
General Fund	PVMA	1,261,112	Sales tax transfer

Notes To the Basic Financial Statements For the Year Ended June 30, 2013

General Fund	PVMA	90,000	To fund capital purchases
General Fund General Fund	911 Account Fund PVMA General Fund	10,500 56,073	Operating subsidy A/P Reimb from Spec Fire
Community Center One Cent Sales Tax Fund	Community Center Fd	380,034 80,004	Reclass Activity Per grant agreement
One Cent Sales Tax Fund Marianne Ewert Fund Marianne Ewert Fund	General Fund Rose Garden Fund Wacker Park Fund	153,927 60 60 \$ 2,381,900	Debt payments Transfer of interest income Transfer of interest income

Reconciliation to Fund Financial Statements:

	Tra	Transfers In Transfers Out		Net Transfe		
Governmental Funds	\$	974,715	\$	(2,271,900)	\$	(1,297,185
Enterprise Funds		1,407,185		(110,000)		1,297,185
Total	\$	2,381,900	\$	(2,381,900)	\$	

Reconciliation to Statement of Activities – governmental and business-type activities:

Net Transfers	\$1,297,185
Capital assets paid for government funds	5,939
Payment of governmental debt by business-type activities	(116,000)
Transfers-Internal Activity	\$1,187,124

Reconciliation to Statement of Activities – primary government and component units:

Transfers from general fund to component unit-PVAA at the fund level	П	\$ 21,600
Transfers from non-major govern funds to PVAA component unit		202,275
Payments from primary government		\$ 223,875

2.H. Fund Equity/Net Position

Prior Period Adjustment - Adjustments were made to beginning net positions and/or fund balances to reflect the cumulative effect of changes in accounting principles, correction of errors, and /or changes in accounting estimates as follows:

Decerotely

	Presented PVAA	
Beginning net position (as previously reported) Prior period adjustments for corrections of errors:	\$ 3,887,397	
Reclass to General Fund Repayment	(2,400)	
Beginning net position, restated	\$ 3,889,797	

Notes To the Basic Financial Statements For the Year Ended June 30, 2013

	Proprietary PVMA
Beginning net position (as previously reported) Prior period adjustments for corrections of errors:	\$ 17,738,471
GASB change in Debt issue cost	(98,401)
Beginning net position, restated	\$ 17,640,070

Since last year the classification of the Special Ambulance Fund was changed from fiduciary to special revenue. This had no effect on the beginning fund balance.

Governmental Fund Balances – Fund balance classifications as shown in the Governmental Funds Balance Sheet in accordance with GASB Statement 54 is as follows:

	General	Cent Tax	ax Governmental		
	<u>Fund</u>	<u>Fund</u>	<u>Funds</u>	<u>Total</u>	
Fund Balance:					
Nonspendable:					
Nonexpendable Perm.					
Endowment-Parks	-		50,000	50,000	
Prepaid expenses	39,069		15,360	54,429	
Long-term receivable	36,100		-	36,100	
Restricted for:				_	
Cemetery	-		16,275	16,275	
Senior Citizens	-		-	-	
Ambulance			1,453		
Library	-		216,742	216,742	
TIF District	-		497,972	497,972	
Debt service		19,255		19,255	
Parks and Recreation		43,071		43,071	
Streets		1,192,670		1,192,670	
Economic Dev	-		502,683	502,683	
Pool	451,495			451,495	
Community Center	400,020		38,473	438,493	
Assigned to:				_	
Police	-		44,498	44,498	
Animal Control	-		-	-	
Parks and Recreation	75,549		25	75,574	
TIF District	-		168	168	
Economic Dev	-		9,297	9,297	
Library	-		57,636	57,636	
911	-		,	-	
Cemetery	-		49,497	49,497	
Senior Citizens	-		·	-	
Airport	-		11,084	11,084	
Community Center	-		522	522	
Other Purposes			-	-	
Unassigned	17,063	44,937	(1,277)	60,723	
				-	
Total Fund Balance	1,019,296	1,299,933	1,510,408	3,829,637	

Notes To the Basic Financial Statements For the Year Ended June 30, 2013

Net Assets Restricted by Enabling Legislation - The government wide statement of net position reports \$3,829,636 of restricted net assets, of which \$2,195,933 is restricted by enabling legislation.

Enabling Legislation:		
Cemetary Care Fund	\$	6,642
TIF Fund		497,972
Sales Tax Streets		1,146,722
Sales Tax Parks		41,914
Tourism/Motel Tax Fund		502,683
Total	\$	2,195,933

Note 3 - Other Notes

3.A. Risk Management

The City and its public trusts are exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to, or destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; employee health and life; and natural disasters. The City manages these various risks of loss as follows:

- General Liability, Fleet Coverage, and Physical Property Covered through participation in Oklahoma Municipal Assurance Group risk entity pool.
- Airport General Liability Covered through purchase of commercial insurance.
- Workers' Compensation Workers' compensation is covered through participation in the Oklahoma Municipal Assurance Group risk entity pool.
- Employee's Group Medical Covered through purchase of commercial insurance.

The City's risk is transferred to the risk entity pool except for claim deductible amounts. The risk pool maintains deposits for claim reserves and other purposes for the benefit of the city. Management believes the insurance coverage listed above is sufficient to preclude any significant uninsured losses to the City, and such claims have not exceeded the coverage over the past three years.

3.B. Contingencies

Federal and State Award Programs - The City of Pauls Valley participates in various federal and state grant/loan programs from year to year. Amounts received or receivable from grantor agencies are often subject to audit and adjustment by the grantor agencies, principally the federal government. Any disallowed claims, including amounts already collected, may constitute a liability of the applicable fund. The amount, if any, of expenditures which may be disallowed by the grantor agency cannot be determined at this time, although the City expects such amounts, if any, to be immaterial.

Notes To the Basic Financial Statements For the Year Ended June 30, 2013

Litigation - The City is a party to various legal proceedings that normally occur in the course of governmental operations. The financial statements do not include accrual or provision for loss contingencies that may result from these proceedings. State statutes provide for the levy of an advalorem tax over a three-year period by a City Sinking Fund for the payment of any court-assessed judgement rendered against the City. This provision is not applicable to authorities or public trusts. While the outcome of the above noted proceedings cannot be predicted, due to the insurance coverage maintained by the City and the State statute relating to judgments, the City feels that any settlement or judgment not covered by insurance would not have a material adverse effect on the financial condition of the City.

Commitments-Construction – At June 30, 2013, the City had pending construction project contracts in progress. The commitments related to the remaining contract balances are summarized as follows:

	C	ontract	Re	maining	
Project	1	<u>Amount</u>	I	<u> Balance</u>	Fund
Outdoor Aquatic Center	\$	3,583,558	\$	213,314	General Fund
Airport Design and Engineering		505,030		212,275	PV Airport Projects
Airport Hanger		132,000		117,000	PVAA

Contingent Liability – The City of Pauls Valley has a contract with Garvin County Rural Water District No. 4 for the purchase of certain water infrastructure. See Note 2.E. Contract Payable for consideration for sale of infrastructure. Additional consideration for industrial/commercial customers has not been determined as of Junes 30, 2013. This amount when determined shall be added to the contract payable and capital assets for water infrastructure.

Going Concern - Pauls Valley Hospital Authority – The Hospital is a component unit of the City of Pauls Valley. But to uncertainties related to asset valuations in the Hospital bankruptcy proceedings the City has elected to omit the financial information of the Hospital. Also the PVMA has supplemented the operations of the hospital through obtaining \$3,150,000 financing. Subsequent to yearend the citizen approved additional sales tax to liquidate this debt.

As a result of sustained annual operating losses caused by declining patient service revenue and increased debt obligations, on March 1, 2013, the Hospital filed a voluntary petition for bankruptcy protection from creditors under Chapter 9 of the Federal Bankruptcy Code.

Upon filing petition, an automatic stay commenced, prohibiting Hospital creditors from taking action against the Hospital, its property, and its officers and inhabitants if the action seeks to enforce a claim against the Hospital for pre-petition debts.

The Hospital intends to prepare a Plan of Adjustment (the Plan) for approval by the Bankruptcy Court. The confirmed Plan will specify how the pre-petition debts of the Hospital will be discharged.

The Hospital has remained open since the filing of the bankruptcy petition. However, there is potential that the ultimate outcome of the bankruptcy will result in termination of the Hospital.

Notes To the Basic Financial Statements For the Year Ended June 30, 2013

3.C. Pension Plans

The City of Pauls Valley participates in four pension or retirement plans:

- 1. Oklahoma Firefighter's Pension and Retirement System (OFPRS) a statewide cost-sharing plan
- 2. Oklahoma Police Pension and Retirement System (OPPRS) a statewide cost-sharing plan
- Oklahoma Municipal Retirement Fund Master Defined Contribution Plan (OMRF) an agent multipleemployer defined contribution plan
- 4. Oklahoma Municipal Retirement Fund Master Defined Contribution Plan (OMRF) an agent multipleemployer defined contribution plan

Firefighters' Retirement Plan – Pursuant to the requirements of Title 11, section 22-102, the City of Pauls Valley participates in the statewide cost-sharing multi-employer defined benefit plan administered by the Oklahoma Firefighter's Pension and Retirement System (OFPRS) on behalf of both paid and volunteer firefighters. The City has no responsibility or authority for the operation and administration of the pension program nor has it any related liability, except for the current contribution requirements.

The contribution rates for the City and its employees are established by Statute. The City is required to contribute 13% for the year ended June 30, 2013. Participating members are required to contribute 8%. For volunteer firefighters, the City is required to contribute \$60 per year per volunteer, while there is no required contribution by the volunteer. The plan is funded by contributions from participants, employers, insurance premium taxes, and state appropriations, as necessary.

The OFPRS issues a publicly available financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information. That report may be obtained by writing to OFPRS, 4545 North Lincoln Blvd., Suite 265, Oklahoma City, OK 73105-3414.

Schedule of Retirement Plan Contributions - OFPRS

Fiscal	Required	Percentage
<u>Year</u>	Contribution	Contributed
2010	\$39,711	100%
2011	\$40,002	100%
2012	\$42,430	100%
2013	\$40,954	100%

Policemen's Retirement Plan - The City of Pauls Valley participates in the statewide cost-sharing multiemployer defined benefit plan administered by the Oklahoma Police Pension and Retirement System (OPPRS) on behalf of paid officers. The City has no responsibility or authority for the operation and administration of the pension program nor has it any related liability, except for the current contribution requirements.

The contribution rates for the City and its employees are established by Statute. The City is required to contribute 13% for the year ended June 30, 2013. Participating members are required to contribute 8%. The plan is funded by contributions from participants, employers, insurance premium taxes, and state appropriations, as necessary.

The OPPRS issues a publicly available financial report that includes financial statements. That report may be obtained by writing to OPPRS, 1001 NW 63rd Street, Suite 605, Oklahoma City, OK 73116-7335.

Notes To the Basic Financial Statements For the Year Ended June 30, 2013

Schedule of Retirement Plan Contributions - OPPRS

Fiscal	Required	Percentage
<u>Year</u>	Contribution	Contributed
2010	\$55,267	100%
2011	\$52,717	100%
2012	\$57,084	100%
2013	\$63,885	100%

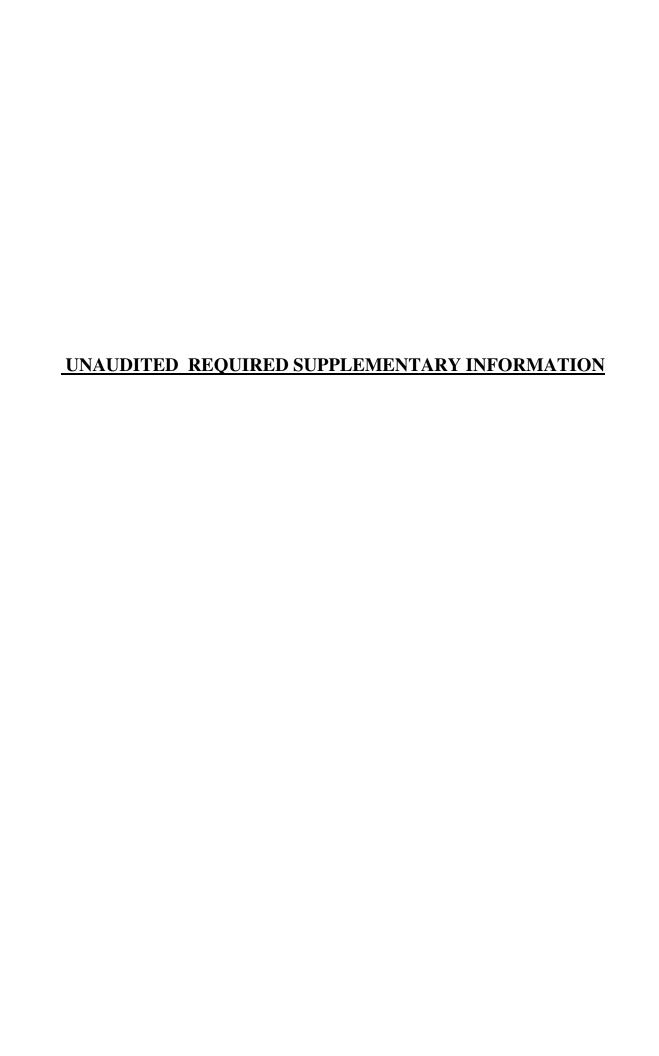
State On Behalf Payments – For the fiscal year June 30, 2013, the State of Oklahoma contributed estimated payments on behalf of City employees to the Oklahoma Firefighter Pension and Retirement System for \$95,500 and the Oklahoma Police Pension and Retirement System for \$57,800. State contributions are funded by allocations of the state's insurance premium tax. The City is not legally responsible for these contributions.

Municipal Retirement Plan - The City has provided a defined contribution plan and trust known as the City of Pauls Valley Plan (the "Plan") in the form of The Oklahoma Municipal Retirement Fund Master Defined Contribution Plan (OMRF). OMRF operations are supervised by a nine-member Board of Trustees elected by the participating municipalities. The Plan is administered by OMRF and plan assets are supervised by OMRF. The defined contribution plan is available to all full-time employees not participating in another plan. Employees are eligible to participate three months from the date of employment. Employees are required to contribute at least 1% but no more than 4% of compensation. Employer contributions shall equal 100% of the total mandatory contributions by employees. City contributions for each employee begin vesting after two years of service and are fully vested after six years. If an employee terminates before becoming fully vested, the employer's contributions are forfeited and may be used to reduce the City's current period contribution requirements. The authority to amend the provisions of the plan rests with the City Council.

For the year ended June 30, 2013, employee contributions were \$53,597 and the employer contributions were \$47,948.

City Manager Retirement Plan - The City has provided a defined contribution plan and trust known as the City of Pauls Valley Plan (the "Plan") in the form of The Oklahoma Municipal Retirement Fund Master Defined Contribution Plan (OMRF) available only to the city manager. OMRF operations are supervised by a nine-member Board of Trustees elected by the participating municipalities. The Plan is administered by OMRF and plan assets are supervised by OMRF. The city manager is required to contribute to the Plan 3.5% of compensation. The City Council determines the City's contribution rate each year. However, the maximum contribution amount from employee and employer is limited to \$46,000. City contributions for the city manager begin vesting immediately. The authority to amend the provisions of the plan rests with the City Council.

For the year ended June 30, 2013, employee contributions were \$2,965 and the employer contributions were \$7,134.



CITY OF PAULS VALLEY, OKLAHOMA Unaudited Budgetary Comparison Schedule General Fund

For the Year Ending June 30, 2013

	Budgete	ed Amounts	Actual	Variance with Final Budget
	Original	Final	Amounts	Positive (Negative)
Beginning Budgetary Fund Balance	\$	\$	\$	\$ -
Revenue				
Taxes	4,415,000	4,648,434	4,596,970	51,464
Intergovernmental	221,000	226,800	246,984	(20,184)
Charges for Services	632,374	679,174	678,081	1,093
Fines and Forfeitures	162,000	162,000	158,837	3,163
Licenses and Permits	25,000	39,000	37,805	1,195
Investment Income	1,500	1,500	2,522	(1,022)
Miscellaneous	49,000	137,404	171,024	(33,620)
Loan Proceeds		2,806,000	3,200,000	(394,000)
Transfers In	219,996	345,274	345,274	-
Total Revenues	5,725,870	9,045,586	9,437,497	(391,911)
Amounts available for appropriations	5,725,870	9,045,586	9,437,497	(391,911)
Expenses				
Transfers	1,205,000	1,276,612	1,276,468	144
Administration	667,924	798,382	795,380	3,002
Police	1,050,035	1,102,535	1,100,190	2,345
Fire	554,450	578,960	577,974	986
Street	556,171	556,171	527,739	28,432
Shop	89,543	89,543	82,705	6,838
Park	134,279	172,629	171,202	1,427
Cemetery	169,262	170,762	170,303	459
Golf	310,466	310,466	310,180	286
Library	127,084	127,084	119,888	7.196
Senior Center	54,278	63,928	63,449	479
Airport	43,821	46,621	46,260	361
Aquatic	212,687	221,687	221,037	650
Recreation	430,454	3,308,144	3,305,076	3,068
Animal Control	96,778	119,003	117,804	1,199
Total Expenses	5,702,232	8,942,527	8,885,655	56,872
Ending Budgetary Fund Balance	\$ 23,638	\$ 103,059	\$ 551.842	\$ (448,783)
Ending Dudgetary Fully Datalice	φ 25,038	φ 105,059	φ 331,042	ψ (440,763)
Reconciliation of Budget to GAAP			(255,005)	
Cash from loan			(355,995)	
Direct payment from Loan Proceeds			(42,000)	
Accruals			34,878	
Fund Balance - GAAP			\$ 188,725	

See Disclaimer in Independent Auditor's Report.

CITY OF PAULS VALLEY, OKLAHOMA Unaudited Budgetary Comparison Schedule One Cent Fund For the Year Ending June 30, 2013

	Budget	ed Amounts	Actual	Variance with Final Budget
	Original	Final	Amounts	Positive (Negative)
Beginning Budgetary Fund Balance	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 713,789	\$ (713,789)
Revenue				
Taxes	1,200,000	1,261,112	1,261,112	-
Investment Income	1,100	4,100	1,804	2,296
Miscellaneous revenue		87,953	87,953	-
Transfer In	-			
Total Revenues	1,201,100	1,353,165	1,350,869	2,296
Amounts available for appropriations	1,201,100	1,353,165	2,064,658	(711,493)
Expenses				
Transfers out	219,996	235,274	235,274	-
Capital Outlay	980,004	1,025,838	468,395	557,443
Total Expenses	1,200,000	1,261,112	703,669	557,443
Ending Budgetary Fund Balance	\$1,100	\$ 92,053	\$ 1,360,989	\$ (1,268,936)
Reconciliation of Budget to GAAP				
Debt service accounts			19,255	
Accruals			(80,311)	
Fund Balance - GAAP			\$ 1,299,933	

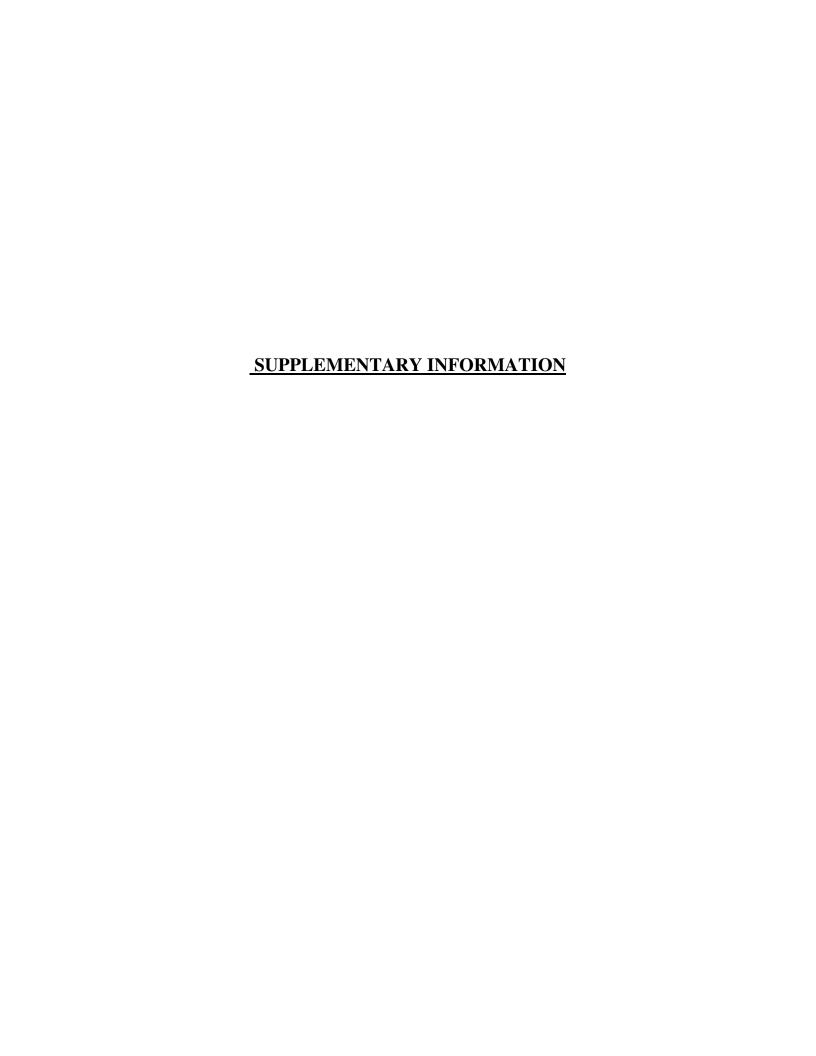
See Disclaimer in Independent Auditor's Report.

Notes to Budgetary Comparison Schedules For the year Ended June 30, 2013

1. Budgetary Information

The city manager submits an annual budget to the City Council in accordance with the Oklahoma Municipal Budget Act. In June the City Council adopts annual fiscal year appropriated budgets for all city funds.

The appropriated budget is prepared by fund, department and categories (personal services, materials and supplies, other services, capital outlay, debt service and transfers). Transfers of appropriations between departments within a fund require the approval of the City Manager. Transfers of appropriations between funds and supplements to the budget require City Council approval. The legal level of budgetary control (i.e., the level at which expenditures may not legally exceed appropriations) is the department level.



Combining Balance Sheet Nonmajor Governmental Funds 6/30/2013

						Spe	ecial Revenue						Ca	pital Projects	ı]	Total Nonmajor
		Police Special	Cemetery Beautification	Senior Citizens	911 Accor		Marianne Ewert Bequest	Tourism Motel Tax	PV Special Ambulance	NSW Library Trust	Community Center	PV Airport Projects		TIF	Cemetery Care	Go	overnmental Funds
Assets																	
Cash and Cash Equivalents Investments	\$	44,513	\$ 9,864	\$ - -	\$ 73,	452	\$ 50,025	480,547	\$ - : -	\$ 122,562 151,633	\$ 38,995	71,274	\$	495,447 \$	55,908	\$	1,442,587 151,633
Receivables:										100							100
Interest Taxes		-	-	-	2	195	-	31,432	1,453	182	-	-		2,693	-		182 37,773
Prepaids		-	-	-	2,	195	-	31,432	1,455	-	15,360	-		2,093	-		15,360
Due from Other Funds											15,300						15,300
Due from Other Funds	_								·				-				
Total Net Position	_	44,513	9,864		75,	547	50,025	511,980	1,453	274,378	54,355	71,274	_	498,140	55,908		1,647,536
Liabilities																	
Accounts Payable		15	_	_		_	_		_	_	_	60,190		_	_		60,205
Due to Other Funds		-	_	_	9	180	_		_	_	_	00,170		_			9,180
AT&T 911 Fee Advances		_	_	_	67,		_	_	_	_	_	_		_	_		67,744
ATOT THE Advances	_					7			·				-				07,744
Total Liabilities	_	15			76,	924						60,190	_		_	_	137,129
Fund Balances																	
Nonspendable		-	-	_		_	50,000	-	_	-	15,360	-		-	-		65,360
Restricted		-	9,633	_		_	´ -	502,683	1,453	216,742		-		497,972	6,642		1,273,598
Committed		-	, _	_		_	-	,	´ -	_	· -	-		´ -	_		-
Assigned		44,498	231			-	25	9,297	-	57,636	522	11,084		168	49,266		172,727
Unassigned		· -	-	_	(1,	277)	-	· -	_	_	_	´ -		-	_		(1,277)
Total Fund Balances	_	44,498	9,864			277)	50,025	511,980	1,453	274,378	54,355	11,084	_	498,140	55,908		1,510,408
Total Liabilities and Fund Balances	\$	44,513	\$ 9,864	\$ -	\$ 75,	547	\$ 50,025	511,980	\$ 1,453	\$ 274,378	\$ 54,355	71,274	\$	498,140 \$	55,908	\$	1,647,537
I ma Datinets	Ψ=	. 1,313	7,001	*	<u> </u>		4 53,025	211,700	1,133	<u> </u>	Ψ 21,333	.1,271	Ψ=	.,σ,110 φ	23,700	—	1,0.7,007

Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances Nonmajor Governmental Funds For the Year Ended June 30, 2013

					Sn	ecial Revenue					C	apital Projects	2	Total Nonmajor
	-				Бр	Marianne	Tourism	NSW	PV		PV	ipitai i roject	•	rtomnajor
	Polic Spec		Cemetery Beautification	Senior Citizens	911 Account	Ewert Bequest	Motel Tax	Library Trust	Special Ambulance	Community Center	Airport Projects	TIF	Cemetery Care	Governmental Funds
Revenues			·							·				<u> </u>
Taxes	\$	-	\$ - :	\$ -	\$ 25,818	\$ -	\$ 352,029	\$ -	\$ 98,811	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 143,042	\$ -	\$ 619,699
Intergovernmental	2,	400	-	2,950	-	-	-	7,106			127,458		-	139,914
Charges for Services		-	-		9,720	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	6,642	16,362
Fines and Forfeitures		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Investment Income		94	16	-	9	114	2,111	1,386	_	-	116	-	118	3,965
Miscellaneous	18,	514	940	112	-	-	3,044	17,791	_	4	-	-		40,404
Total Revenues	21,	800	956	3,062	35,547	114	357,184	26,283	98,811	4	127,574	143,042	6,761	820,344
Expenditures														
Current:														
Police	4,	897	-	-	-	-	-	-	_	-	-	-	_	4,897
Emergency 911		-	-	-	53,495	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	53,495
Special Ambulance Service									-					-
Library		-	-	-	-	-	-	55,801	-	-	-	-	-	55,801
Senior Citizens				-										-
Recreation										7,680		-		7,680
Streets		-	-	-	-	-	-				-	-	-	-
Economic Development		-	-	-	-	_	172,154	-	-	-	-	-	-	172,154
Airport		-	_	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		-	_	· -
Capital Outlay	10,	180	-	5,659	-	-	-	-	-	18,654		24,993	-	59,486
Debt Service		-	-	-	-	_	-	-	-	-		-	-	-
Total Expenditures	15,	077	_	5,659	53,495		172,154	55,801		26,334		24,993		353,513
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues														
over Expenditures	5,	931	956	(2,597)	(17,948)	114	185,029	(29,518)	98,811	(26,330)	127,574	118,048	6,761	466,831
Other Financing Sources														
Transfers In	4.	856	_	_	10,500	_	_	_	_			_	_	15,356
Transfers Out	ŕ	_	_	_		(120)	_	_		(380,034)			_	(380,154)
Contribution Expense										(,,		(5,939)		(5,939)
Transfers to Component Unit									(97,359)		(202,275)	(-,,		(299,634)
Total Other Financing Sources	4,	856			10,500	(120)	-		(97,359)	(380,034)	(202,275)	(5,939)		(670,372)
N. Cl		707	0.5.6	(2.505)	(7.440)		105.000	(20.510)	1 450	(106.261)	(54.501)	112 100		(202.540)
Net Change in Fund Balances		787	956	(2,597)	(7,448)	. ,	185,029	(29,518)	1,452	(406,364)	(74,701)	112,109	6,761	(203,540)
Fund Balances - Beginning	33,	711	8,908	2,597	6,172	50,031	326,950	303,896		460,719	85,786	386,031	49,147	1,713,947
Fund Balances - Ending	\$ 44,	498	\$ 9,864	\$	\$ (1,277)	\$ 50,025	\$ 511,980	\$ 274,378	\$ 1,452	\$ 54,354	\$ 11,084	\$ 498,140	\$ 55,908	\$ 1,510,406

Combining Balance Sheet General Fund Accounts For the Year Ended June 30, 2013

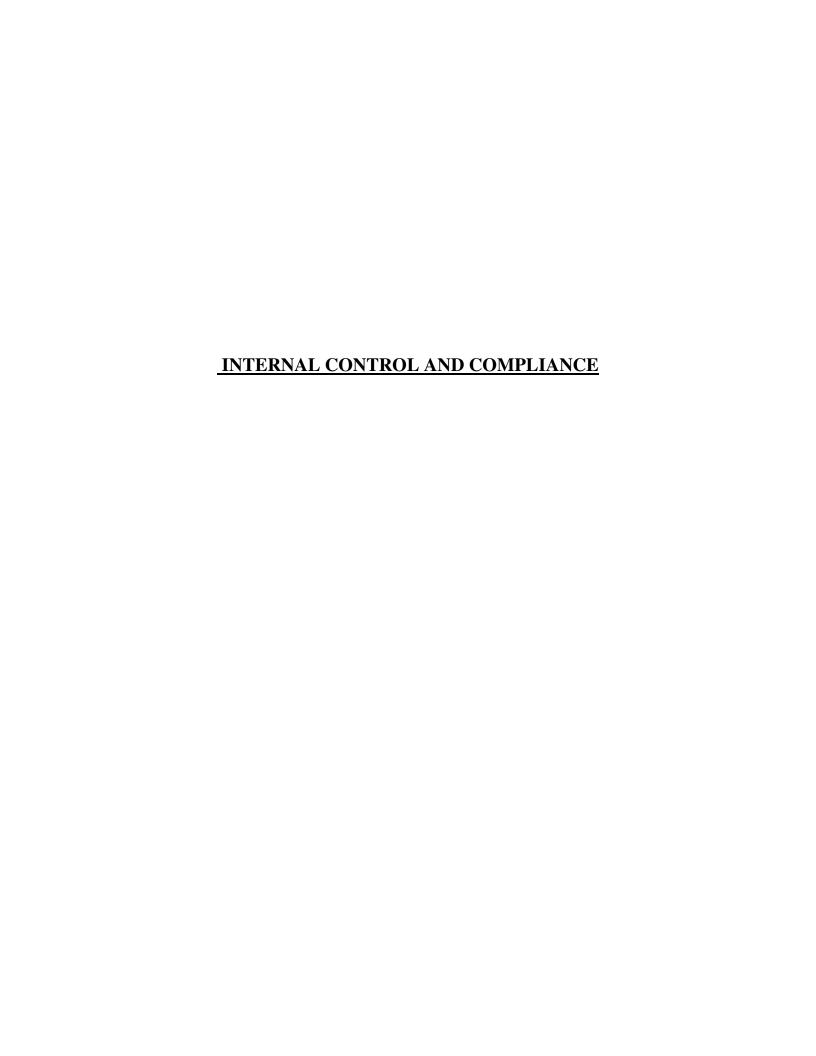
		General Fund Account	Rose Garden Fund Account	Pa	Wacker ark Fund Account	Beautification Fund Account	Animal Control Fund Account	Total General Fund
Assets	_				_			
Cash and cash equivalents Accounts receivable, net Taxes receivable Due from other funds Prepaid expenses Advance to component unit	\$	998,671 59,729 620,047 9,180 39,069 36,100	\$ 4,756	\$	60,732	\$ 10,061	\$ \$	1,074,220 59,729 620,047 9,180 39,069 36,100
Total Assets	-	1,762,795	4,756		60,732	10,061		1,838,344
Liabilities								
Accounts payable		718,474					-	718,474
Accrued liabilities		71,413					-	71,413
Due to other funds	_							
Total Liabilities	_	789,887						789,887
Deferred Inflows of Resources:								
Police fines unavailable	_	29,161						29,161
Total Deferred Inflows of Revenue	_	29,161						29,161
Fund Balances								
Nonspendable		75,169					-	75,169
Restricted		851,515						851,515
Committed		,,						-
Assigned			4,756		60,732	10,061		75,549
Unassigned		17,063						17,063
Total Fund Balances	_	943,747	4,756		60,732	10,061		1,019,296
Total Liabilities and Fund Balances	\$_	1,762,795	\$ 4,756	\$ 	60,732	\$ 10,061	\$ \$_	1,838,344

CITY OF PAULS VALLEY, OKLAHOMA Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances General Fund Accounts For the Year Ended June 30, 2013

	General Fund Account	Rose Garden Fund Account	Wacker Park Fund Account	Beautification Fund Account	Animal Control Fund Account		Total General Fund
Revenues							
Taxes \$	4,663,777	\$ \$	-	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 5	4,663,777
Intergovernmental	400,075		-	-	-		400,075
Charges for services	675,331		-	-	-		675,331
Fines and forfeitures	172,136		-	-	-		172,136
Licenses and permits	37,805		-	1,400	-		39,205
Investment income	5,914	8	99	16			6,036
Expense Reimbursement							_
Miscellaneous	73,954		7,986	4,428	-		86,368
Total Revenues	6,028,993	8	8,084	5,844			6,042,929
E		-					
Expenditures		-					
Current:	654.056	-					651056
Administration	654,956	-	-	-	-		654,956
Police	1,151,838	-	-	-	-		1,151,838
Fire	794,714	-	-	-	-		794,714
Streets	533,816	-	-		-		533,816
Shop	83,882	-	-	-	-		83,882
Park	169,963	-	-	3,860	-		173,823
Cemetery	168,561	-	-	-	-		168,561
Golf	303,166	-	-	-	-		303,166
Library	121,958	-	-	-	-		121,958
Senior center	63,643	-	-	-	-		63,643
Airport	22,312	-	-	-	-		22,312
Aquatic	382,884	-	-	-	-		382,884
Recreation	475,571	-	-	-	-		475,571
Animal control	122,067	-	-	-	-		122,067
Capital outlay	3,710,289	-	-	-	-		3,710,289
Debt service		_	_	_	_		_
Total Expenditures	8,759,619	-	-	3,860		_	8,763,479
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues over							
Expenditures	(2,730,626)	8	8,084	1,984	_		(2,720,549)
Ехренинитез	(2,750,020)	<u> </u>	0,004	1,704		_	(2,720,347)
Other Financing Sources (Uses)							
Transfers in	959,239	60	60	-	-		959,359
Transfers out	(1,422,541)	-	-	-			(1,422,541)
Capital lease/loan proceeds	3,288,253						3,288,253
Contibuted income	116,000						116,000
Hospital M&O	-						-
Transfers to component unit	(21,600)	-	-	-	-		(21,600)
Total Other Financing Sources (U	2,919,351	60	60				2,919,471
Net Change in Fund Balances	188,725	68	8,144	1,984	_		198,922
Fund Balances - beginning	755,023	4,688	52,587	8,077		_	820,375
Fund Balances - ending \$	943,748	\$ 4,756 \$	60,732	\$ 10,061	\$ 	\$ <u>:</u>	1,019,297

Schedule of Federal and State Awards For the Year Ending June 30, 2013

Grantor/Program Title		Award Amount		Prior Year Revenues	Current Year Revenues	Prior Year Expenditures	Current Year Expenditures
Federal Awards:							
Depart of Public Safety PT-13-03-98-02	\$	2,400	\$	-	\$ 2,400	\$	\$ 2,400
FAA 3-40-0076-011-2012		160,488			127,458		160,488
Total Federal Awards	=	162,888	:		129,858		162,888
State Awards:							
ODEM	\$	2,181	\$	-	\$ 2,181	\$	\$ 2,181
State Potion FEMA 2010 Winter Storm		30,449			30,449	30,449	
SODA CENA		2,950			2,950		2,950
REAP		50,000			50,000		50,000
Dept. Libraries State Aid		7,106			7,106		7,106
Dept. of Agriculture- Fire Operations		4,484			4,484		4,484
Total State Awards	=	97,170		-	97,170	30,449	66,721





P.O. BOX 706 • 2700 SOUTH FOURTH CHICKASHA, OKLAHOMA 73023 PHONE (405) 224-6363 • FAX (405) 224-6364 ajb-cpas.com

CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF THE ACCOMPANYING FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

Members of the City Council City of Pauls Valley, Oklahoma

We have audited audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Pauls Valley, Oklahoma, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2013, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the City's basic financial statements and have issued our report thereon dated June 10, 2014. We qualified our opinion on the aggregate discretely presented component units, due to the unaudited presentation of the Pauls Valley Hospital Authority.

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the City's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) to determine auditing procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the City's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the City's internal control.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies and therefore, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies may exist that were not identified. We did identify a certain deficiency described in the accompanying Schedule of Findings and Responses that we consider to be significant deficiencies: 13-1.

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the City's financial statements are free of material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit and, accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed an instance of noncompliance or other matters that is required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards* and which is described in the accompanying Schedule of Findings and Responses as item 13-1.

City of Pauls Valley's Responses to Findings

angal, Johnston & Blosingene, P.C.

The City's response to the findings identified in our audit is described in the accompanying Schedule of Findings and Responses. The City's response was not subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the financial statements and, accordingly, we express no opinion on it.

Purpose of This Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Chickasha, Oklahoma

June 10, 2014

CITY OF PAULS VALLEY, OKLAHOMA SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND RESPONSES Year Ended June 30, 2013

Deficiencies of Internal Control, Compliance and Other Matters

13-1. <u>Criteria</u> –Cash and investments held at depository is required to be incurred or collateralized.

<u>Condition</u> –At June 30, 2013, the Pauls Valley Municipal Authority cash and investments were under collateralized by \$50,023.

 $\underline{\text{Cause}}$ – The collateral pledged and account balances were adequately monitored to insure sufficiency.

Effect – Assets at yearend were at credit risk.

<u>Recommendation</u> – Proper tracking of insurance and pledged collateral is necessary to insure credit rick is avoided.

<u>Management response</u> – Management agrees.

CITY OF PAULS VALLEY, OKLAHOMA DISPOSITION OF PRIOR YEAR FINDINGS Year Ended June 30, 2013

Deficiencies of Internal Control, Compliance and Other Matters

12-1. <u>Criteria</u> – Revenue collections for the pool and recreation center should follow certain procedures: logging revenues by categories, correctly identifying all adjustments, and printing daily summaries of cash collected.

<u>Condition</u> – The recreation center did not print any daily computerized cash summaries. The daily computerized cash reports were not reconciled to the actual cash collected and deposited. Also the Daily fees need to be separated from the membership payments to facilitate the cash collections.

<u>Disposition</u> – This procedure was improved but still the "RecTrac" software didn't have all the revenue codes setup to track all revenue sources. For example employee payments and the annual school contract were not coded.

12-2. Criteria – All liabilities and assets should be reflected in the City's financial statements.

<u>Condition</u> – According to the water line purchase contract with the Rural Water District a portion of the purchase price is based on the net income from these customers for the five years preceding the purchase. But this amount has not been established.

Disposition – This was still unresolved as of June 30, 2013.

12-3. <u>Criteria</u> – Oklahoma Statutes has competitive bidding requirements when construction contracts are greater than \$50,000. On require in this law is a certificate of completion attested by an engineer or architect prior to final payment.

<u>Condition</u> – On the BOSA roof replacement there was no certificate of completion received prior to final payment.

<u>Disposition</u> – This was not noted as a problem during the 2012-13 fiscal year.